Cambria Freeman.

A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTHMAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

OLUME XI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1877. NUMBER 18.

RCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

RETAILERS OF FOREIGN AND DO- MERCHANDISE, as appraised in Cam- for the year A. D. 1877:

Lic'se. Class. Lic'se.

ADAMS TOWNSHIP.
7.50 14 George Orris.... 7.50
ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00
BARR TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00
BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00
CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH.
14 A. Walters...... 7.00
7.00 14 S. Teitelbaum & Bro.......... 7.50
CAMBRIA BOROUGH.
7.50 14 Joseph Stibech.. 7.00
CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.
7.00 14 Jacob Widman.. 7.00
CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.0
CROYLE TOWNSHIP.
14 J. D. Wentroth 7.00
CHEST TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.50
CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.
10.00 14 Cooper & Mellon 7.00
EAST CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.
14 P. F. Shaffer.... 7.00
EBENSBURG BOROUGH.
14 D. E. Evans. 7.00
10.00 14 Pryce, Baxter & Co. 7.00
7.00 13 R. J. Lloyd 7.00
7.00 13 J. P. Thompson. 10.00
14 Lemmon & Murray 7.00
7.00 14 Davis Brothers 7.00
10.00 13 Thos. Griffith... 10.00
7.00 13 T. J. Lloyd. 10.50
7.00 13 A. Stiftmatter. 10.50
FRANKLIN BOROUGH.
7.00 14 Martin Custer. 7.00
7.00 13 D. W. Coulter. 10.00
GALLITZIN BOROUGH.
7.00 14 Thos. Bradley. 7.00
JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.
7.00 14 T. G. Stewart & Co. 15.00
7.00 14 C. T. Frazer 7.00
7.00 14 A. Montgomery 7.00
10.00 13 L. Cohen 10.00
7.00 14 Scott Dibert 7.00
7.00 14 John F. Barnes 7.00
14 A. Nathan & Bro 7.00
20.00 14 J. A. McKinney 7.00
7.00 13 J. Dibert & Son 10.00
7.00 13 M. H. Nathanson & Co. 10.00
14 S. J. Hess. 7.00
7.00 14 T & G Gallagher 7.00
7.00 14 L. Luckhardt. 7.00
7.00 14 Geo. Unverzagt 7.00
13 F. W. Kress 10.00
10.00 13 Luther & Green 10.00
7.00 14 P. Delarbiere. 7.50
7.00 14 L. Baumer. 7.00
7.00 14 Geo. M. Hay 7.00
7.00 14 John Hannan 7.00
14 Osborne & Confer. 7.50
10.00 14 A. D. Brinker & Bro. 7.00
7.00 14 Jere. Hipple 7.00
7.00 14 A. N. Wakefield & Co 7.00
7.00 13 Blough & Stutzman. 10.00
14 Feckler & Levergood 7.00
7.00 14 G. K. Shryock 7.00
14 Ch's Hochstein 7.00
7.00 14 A. M. Croyle. 7.00
7.00 14 J. H. Kurtz. 7.50
10.00 14 A. D. Brinker & Bro. 7.00
7.00 14 J. S. Ashbridge 7.00
7.00 14 H. L. Coulter & Co 7.00
7.00 14 George Wehn.. 7.50
JACKSON TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00
LORETTO BOROUGH.
14 A. J. Christy.. 7.00
7.00 14 Wm. Litzinger. 7.00
7.00 14 John Bradley. 7.00
7.00 14 M. A. Lacey.... 7.00
MILLVILLE BOROUGH.
7.00 14 G. W. Stutzman. 7.00
RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.
7.50 14 Geo. Berkey.... 7.50
SUMMITVILLE BOROUGH.
7.00 14 John Riffel... 7.00
7.00 14 John Egar.... 7.00
TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00
TUNNELHILL BOROUGH.
7.00 14 Patrick Smith. 7.00
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.
7.00 14 Adam Myers... 7.00
7.00 14 John Lelb.... 7.00
7.50 14 M. B. McLaughlin. 7.00
7.00 14 A. Ford. 7.50
WILMORE BOROUGH.
7.00 14 P. M. Wolesiagle & Son 7.00
7.00 14 O. J. Evans.... 7.00
WHITE TOWNSHIP.
10.00 14 J. C. Gates 7.00
7.00 14 Geo. Walters & Son 7.00
WOODVALE BOROUGH.
7.00 14 M. R. Adams.... 7.00
YODER TOWNSHIP.
.... 7.00

BREWERIES.

FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS.

Johnstown Borough .. $25.00
" " .. 25.00
" " .. 25.00
Conemaugh Borough... 25.00
" .. 25.00
Cambria Borough. .. 25.00
Blacklick Township .. 25.00
Carrolltown Borough .. 25.00

FOUR HUNDRED BARRELS.

Carrolltown Borough .. 15.00
Loretto Borough .. 15.00
Washington Township. 15.00
" .. 15.00

TEN-PIN ALLEYS.

Loretto Borough, 1 alley.. 30.50
Washington Twp., 2 alleys... 60.50

BILLIARD TABLES.

Johnstown Boro', 2 tables.. 30.00
Washington Twp., 4 " .. 60.50

EATING HOUSES.

Carrolltown Borough... 20.00
" " .. 20.00
" " .. 20.00
Loretto Borough.......... 20.00
Wilmore Borough.......... 20.00
Washington Township. 20.00
20.00

APPEAL will be held at the Treasurer's in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, the 4th day A. D. 1877, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

F. J. PARRISH,
Mercantile Appraiser.

RIAL LIST, JUNE TERM.—List of set down for trial at a Court of Pleas, to be held at Ebensburg, for county, commencing on MONDAY, the of JUNE, A. D. 1877:

FIRST WEEK.

vs. Litzingers; Kerr vs. Linton & Son; Commonwealth, for use, vs. Wertner vs. Lovelace & Grumling; & Co. vs. Wentroth; Ellis & Harrop & Co.; Devereaux vs. Cain & Lowengrund vs. Nathanson & Co.; & Co. vs. A. J. Christy; Kauffman vs. M. H. Nathanson & Co.; Isett et al

SECOND WEEK.

Commencing on Monday, June 11, 1877.

vs. J. I. Krise, M. D., feigned is- vs. Krise, Wagner & Porter, issue; Elizabeth Leiden vs. Anthony feigned issue; Potts & Campbell vs. Kearney, feigned issue; Kerr vs. Krise, issue; Fortner vs. McLaughlin, feign issue; Bysart & Son vs. Condron & Son, Milliken for use vs. Bardine; Brown vs. Henry Wright et al.; Krise McGonigle vs. Wolesiagle; Shaffer Hosner; Fronheiser vs. Johnstown Bor- E. J. S vs. W. C. Geddy et al; Dick- Katruff; Sharp vs. Brown; Brown vs. Cresson Springs Co. vs. McLaughlin; et al vs. Lantzy; Fend & Cover vs. Parke; J. A. Olmstead vs. John H. Ho- Commonwealth for use vs. John A. Bager Lloyd & Co. for use vs. Cresswell & Son; vs. Gates; Summerville vs. Finney et al.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 8, 1877.

LIST OF RETAILERS OF SPIRITOUS LIQUORS,

as assessed in Cambria county for the year 1877:

Class 5.	License.	Class 5.	License.
Allegheny Township.			
W. J. Bonner			$50 00
Adams Township.			
Jacob Sproul			50 50
Barr Township.			
Bernard Fogle	$50 50	Nich'las Lambour	50 50
Carrolltown Borough.			
Andrew Haug	50 00	Lawr'nce Schroth	50 00
E. L. Binder	50 00		
Clearfield Township.			
Thomas Dunphy			50 50
Chest Springs Borough.			
S. A. McGough	50 00	James Hawks	50 00
Chest Township.			
Geo. Crook	50 00	Thomas Ott	50 00
Croyle Township.			
Francis Kurtz	50 00	Peter Brown	50 00
Conemaugh Borough.			
Joseph Daly	50 00	Michael Toohey	50 00
Joseph Mentzer	50 50	Hugh Greenwood	50 50
John Whitman	50 50	Pius Klug	50 50
Lawrence Reich	50 00		
Cambria Borough.			
Peter Haughey	50 50	Charles Boyle	50 50
John H. Gallagher	50 50	Ann M. Kurtz	50 50
Eliz'th McDonald	50 50	Peter Roth	50 50
Henry Gore	50 50	Edward Meyer	50 50
B. Fitzpatrick	50 50	Geo. Aigner	50 50
Edward Howe	50 50		
East Conemaugh Borough.			
Leonard Kist	50 00	David Falloon	50 50
Ebensburg Borough.			
John A. Blair	50 00	Thomas H. Heist	50 50
Henry Foster	50 00	Michael Laterner	50 50
Franklin Borough.			
Peter Rubritz			50 00
Gallitzin Borough.			
James Maulls	50 00	Albert Bender	50 00
Johnstown Borough.			
Oscar Graff	50 50	John Gerhardt	50 50
Henry Hansman	50 50	John Coad	50 50
Charles Wehn	50 50	Michael Finegan	50 50
Joseph Baxter	50 50	E. H. Willower	50 50
John Fritz	50 50	Jos. Shoemaker	50 50
John Carr	50 50	Charles Kast	50 50
Philip Schuttheis	50 50	C. Zimmerman	50 50
G. S. Shaffer	50 50	Charles Kropp	50 50
August Danges	50 50	J. M. King	50 50
Adam Bershank	50 50	Henry Shaffer	50 50
Philip Hertzinger	50 50	August Weigand	50 50
John McDermott	50 50	Elizabeth Kohler	50 50
Patrick O'Connell	50 50	John Stemmer	50 00
Conrad Raab	50 50	Geo. Raab	50 00
John Raab	50 50	W. H. Thompson	50 00
John Schiffhauer	50 50	Thomas S. Davis	50 50
John V. Shaffer	50 50		
Loretto Borough.			
Florian Bangel	50 00	A. J. Christy	50 00
Millville Borough.			
Henry Vonalt	50 50	Mary Grady	50 50
Emanuel James	50 50	Richard Dowling	50 50
Joseph Feldhouse	50 50	Robert Sagerson	50 50
Hugh McGrory	50 50		
Richland Township.			
Bernard Nees	50 50	Frederick Keiper	50 50
Christian Himes	50 50		
Summitville Borough.			
Christian Reich			50 50
Tunnelhill Borough.			
Anthony McHugh	50 00	Michael McMorris	50 00
Patrick O'Dowd	50 00	Mathew Dignan	50 50
Upper Yoder Township.			
Jacob Ream			50 50
Wilmore Borough.			
Joseph Horner	50 00	Geo. Wentroth	50 00
Washington Township.			
Wm. Flynn	50 00	Geo. J. Swaderer	50 00
J. H. Kiel	50 50	M. B. McLaughlin	50 00
Henry Ehrenfelt	50 50	John Clark	50 00
Margaret Haley	50 00	Elias Unger	50 50
Mich'l C. Bradley	50 00		
QUART LICENSE.			
Henry Fritz & Co.	50 50	P. S. Fisher & Co.	50 50
John Ludwick	50 50		

I, F. J. PARRISH, do certify the above to be a correct list of Hotels or Taverns assessed in Cambria county for the year 1877.

F. J. PARRISH,
Mercantile Appraiser.

May 1, 1877.-4t.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT

with the Supervisers of Barr Township for the year 1876:

PETER NEILEN,
In account with said Township. DR. CR.
To full am't of duplicate charged $343.89
By exoneration $ 5.25
" work done by sundry persons.. 425.43
" am't to be transferred to new duplicate.$ 86.79

ANTHONY SCHUSTER late Supervisor,
In account with said Township. DR. CR.
To amount of duplicate $4.3.52
By exoneration $ 3.75
" work done by sundry persons 568 49
" am't to be transferred to new duplicate.$ 78.72

BARR TOWNSHIP,
In account with Peter Nielen DR. CR.
To services as Supervisor, 47 days at $1.50 per day. ....$ 70.50
By amount of order on Treasurer.. $ 70.50

BARR TOWNSHIP,
In account with A. Schuster,
To services as Supervisor, 58 days at $1.50 per day. 87.00
By amount of order on Treasurer..* 87 00

HENRY KIRSCH, Clerk and Treasurer in account with Barr Twp. Road Moneys. DR. CR.
To am't rec'd from P. Beck, Col'r $189.00
" " " from A. Schnabel, Collector, and commissions 80.00
By am't of orders cashed $232.75
" " paid to late Treasurer .. 10 00
" three duplicates and service. .. 10.00
" percentage.. 4.65
Balance due Township. 21.36

ANTHONY SCHNABEL, Col'r of Cash Road Taxes, in acc't with Barr Twp. for 1876. DR. CR.
To full am't of duplicate charged $211.81
By exoneration. .... $ 1.41
" returns............ 3.69
" am't paid to Treas'r H. Kirsch. 50.30
" do. to late Treas'r M. J. Kirsch 55.77
" percentage......... 10.33
Bal. due Twp. in Collector's hands 97.31

CASPER LIEB,
SIMON P. KIRSCH, Aud'tors.
ABRAHAM COY,

M. J. KIRSCH, Clerk.
Nicktown, Apr 11, 1877. [5-11.-3t.]

WOOL! BOUGHT —OR— MADE UP TO ORDER WOOL!

THE EBENSBURG WOOLEN COMPANY is amply prepared to manufacture to order or exchange Goods of its own make for WOOL, which will be taken at the highest market price, and for the gathering of which wagons will soon be sent to the various sections of the county. The quality of the goods made by us is too well known to need recommendation, and as we are now running our Factory by STEAM POWER, there will be no delay in the manufacture of wool sent or bro't to us for that purpose.

P. S.—Weaving, Carding, Fulling and Dyeing promptly attended to in a workmanlike manner and at the lowest possible rates.

Ebensburg, May 11, 1877.-tf.

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Ebensburg, for Cambria county commencing on MONDAY, the 18th day of JUNE, 1877, being an

ADJOURNED COURT.

Caldwell & Kimmell vs. Fields; Atlas Bros. & Kimmell vs. Fields; Caldwell & Fry vs. Fields et al; Same vs. Same; McDermitt et al vs. Flynn et al; McNamara Pattin vs. Hips & Lloyd; Ressler vs. Kopp; Wolesiagle & Son vs. Skelly; Wentroth vs. Browns; Saupp vs. Flick.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 8, 1877.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all lien creditors against the estate of CHARLES JOHNSTON, assignor, that the undersigned assignee will make application at June Term (next) of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county for an order of said Court to sell the real estate of said assignor, under Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to enable assignees, for the benefit of creditors, to make sales of real estate encumbered by liens."

JAMES McCLOSKEY,
Assignee of Charles Johnston.

May 11, 1877. 3t.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of AUGUSTINE GLASS, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the estate of Augustine Glass, late of Munster township, Cambria county, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them in legal form for settlement.

MARGARET GLASS, Administratrix.
Munster Twp., April 27, 1877.-6t.*

THE EMPTY CRADLE.

Sad is the heart of the mother
  Who sits by the lonely hearth,
Where never again the children
  Shall waken their songs of mirth.
And still through the painful silence,
  She listens for voice and tread,
Outside of the heart—there only
  She knows that they are not dead!

Here is the desolate cradle,
  The pillow so lately pressed,
But far away has the birdling
  Flown from its little nest.
Crooning the lullabies over
  That once were her babe's delight,
All through the misty spaces
  She follows its upward flight.

Little she thought of a moment
  So gloomy and sad as this,
When close to her heart she gathered
  Her child for its good-night kiss.
She should be tenderly cherished,
  Never a grief should she know,
Wealth, and the pride of a princess,
  These would a mother bestow.

And this is the darling's portion
  In Heaven—where she has fled;
By angels securely guarded,
  By angels securely led.
Brooding in sorrowful silence
  Over the empty nest,
Can you not see through the shadows,
  Why it is all for the best?

Better the heavenly kingdom
  Than riches of earthly crown;
Better the early morning flight,
  Than one when the sun is down;
Better an empty casket,
  Than jewels besmirched with sin:
Safer than these without the fold,
  Are those that have entered in.

—*The Scotsman.*

RED WINE.

A TRUE STORY WELL TOLD.

It was growing dark in the city streets; men and women hurried along, as if eager to reach comfortable homes; the horses seemed to pull heavy wagons with more willingness than usual, as if they knew that the day's work was over, and enjoyed the prospect of rest. The lamp-lighters were going their rounds, and trying to make up for the lost daylight. Little children were safe and warm at home.

All but one, perhaps. A little boy stood on the deserted sidewalk, close to a great window of plate glass, through which he gazed with a wrapt face. The picture which he looked at was a painted ceiling overhead, and a chandelier which seemed to make real sunshine. The walls were covered with fine paintings. A marble table, heaped with delicious food, stood near the centre of the room. The bright light struck through the great decanter, and made a big crimson stain on the white hand of a gentleman who sat at the table reading a newspaper. A large diamond ring on one finger seemed to wink and blink at the little boy outside. "I wish he would look up," the child was thinking.

But though he waited and watched, the man did not move for a long time. Then he flung the paper down, and reached out the hand with the diamond for a wine glass, which he filled, and drank, never once looking toward the window.

"Please, sir."

That was all the boy said. He had stepped from the street into the wide hall; then, without stopping to knock, he had opened the door which led into the gentleman's room. On the threshold of the saloon he stopped, frightened at what he had done.

"What is it, my small man?"

Mr. Arthur Leonard had a pleasant smile which came easily to his handsome face; but the child shrank back, although he looked into the big brown eyes as if he saw something there he had been looking for a great while.

"You came to beg, I suppose," and the gentleman's hand went readily into his pocket.

"Oh, no sir, I never thought of that. I wanted—I mean—please sir, I will go now."

He moved back awkwardly, but Mr. Leonard stopped him with a gesture. The child's face interested him. His manner, too, at first so eager now so embarassed, had aroused his curiosity.

"You are cold," he said, noticing that the child shivered and that his garments were thin and poor.

He rose, took the boy by the hand and led him to the grate fire which was dancing on the hearth—a big, jolly fire which seemed trying to light up the room and make the chandelier notice how big and bright it was.

Mr. Leonard did not seem to think it queer for a poor little boy with patched clothes to sit in one of the crimson satin arm chairs big enough for a throne. He drew up one for himself opposite.

"Are you hungry?" he asked. "I will give you something to eat, and a little wine will warm you up."

"Oh, no sir," and the child shrank further back into the big chair.

"You will tell me your name at least?"

"Yes sir. My name is Eddie Boynton, and I am ten years old,"

"Ah?"

Mr. Leonard was smiling now, as he saw the boy's courage coming back.

"You will not be angry with me, sir?"

"Angry! why in the world should I be angry with you?"

"I didn't know but you might, sir, if I said what I wanted to."

"Never fear, Eddie; I am anxious to know what you have to tell me."

The little boy stretched his little thin hands, red with the cold, out toward the glowing fire, and said:

"I work in the dye-house now, and I get a good deal of money, a dollar a week."

Mr. Leonard could hardly help laughing. The wine he had offered the child cost more than that.

"I come past this big window every night on my way home. I shan't come again, though, because we're going to move away. I like to look in here, because it is so warm and pleasant, and because you are sitting here and have eyes just like my father's."

"What a strange child!" Mr. Leonard was thinking.

"He was so handsome and tall," went on the little fellow, looking back into the firelight. "He wore nice clothes, too, like yours; and we lived in a great big house, most as big as this. I used to sit next to him at the table and he gave me that to drink," pointing to the wine-glass. "Mother would cry sometimes, but he would kiss her, and tell her that good wine would make me strong and handsome. One day he went away for a long time, and mother cried all the while he was gone. When he came back he struck her, and then fell down on the floor. I screamed, because I thought he was dead. The black man, who drove the horses, came up stairs and helped mother to get him to bed. She said he was sick. He used to scream and fight if any one went near him. It was the red wine that made him so, mother said. And then one night he died, and there was a great funeral. After that mother packed up our clothes, and went to live where she could earn some money. We've only got two little rooms now. Mother sews on a machine. Sometimes she cries all night, I guess."

He had been talking very fast, but stopped suddenly.

Mr. Leonard moved uneasily.

"This is what you wanted to tell me?"

"Yes, sir. Every time I come by the window and see you sitting here, you make me think of my father, and I wondered if you had any little boy at home, and how he and his mother would feel if you should die because of the red wine;" and then the tears came, and Eddie Boynton slid down from the big chair and stood beside Mr. Leonard, who had turned his face away. Eddie wondered if the gentleman was crying, too. He could not see the big brown eyes, for his head was dropping upon his breast.

"I'm going home, now, sir. Mother will have my supper all ready and be frightened if I don't come," and before Mr. Leonard roused from his painful reverie, the child had slipped from the warm cheery room, and was running down the dark street, home to his waiting mother.

In all the years to come, Arthur Leonard and Eddie Boynton, man and boy, may never meet again. The room in the luxurious club house is deserted; the fire is out, the room is dark, the heavy curtain drawn at the big window; but in a beautiful home the brown eyes look lovingly at a sweet woman, and to a rosy boy who hangs about his neck the father whispers: "God bless you, my child, and keep us from the destruction of the red wine."

* * *

AN OYSTER LEGEND.

There is a sad and weird story of an oyster eater which still floats around the wharves of Baltimore, where oyster-boats do congregate. One morning, it was years ago, the sloop Martha Mary came from the oyster-beds on the Chesapeake, laden gunnel deep with prime oysters. She was safely moored along the Baltimore wharf. The skipper, pleased with the prospect of his voyage, lounged on the wharf awaiting a customer. There came to this captain a lean man who said in a cadaverous voice:

"I would eat some oysters."

"Plenty on board there," was the bluff reply.

"But I would pay for what I eat," interposed the stranger.

"All right, go aboard; eat your fill for a quarter," cheerily replied the skipper, for in those earlier days oysters were not worth more than fifteen cents per bushel.

"Willingly," said the man, producing with alacrity an old Spanish quarter with the pillars on it, the coin of that time, and drawing a large rusty oyster knife from his pocket, opened the hatch of the little vessel and dived below.

The captain went to his breakfast. The meal over, he returned to his sloop deck. Below he heard the measured click of the oyster knife. He thought little about it, and only said—

"He has a good appetite."

Oysters were not rapid of sale that day, as two more oyster smacks had come in, and purchasers were slack.

"Makes no matter," said the captain, "the weather is cold, them oysters is sound and they will keep in prime order for a week."

The captain went to dinner. Again he paced his little vessel's deck, and still he heard the monotonous, incessant "click," "click," from below, working away with mechanical regularity. Anxiously then the captain strode along, and was full of fear. As the sun set, still the click of the oyster knife was heard. In terror the captain fled from his smack.

Next morning as he approached the wharf, still his affrighted ear heard the click. He could stand it no longer.—Rushing below, scattering whole heaps of empty shells, he found the lank and cadaverous man still opening away at the very bottom of the vessel.

"They was good," said the cadaverous man, swallowing with artistic flirt a singularly large oyster, "but scarcely as salty as I like 'em; ef I had had a cracker, or just a dish of vinegar, mebbe I might have enjoyed 'em more. See here, captain, it's jest a case of knife with me. This ere oyster knife," and he held up the attenuated blade, worn now to the size of a pen-knife, "warn't good steel, or I might have had my fill," and, saying this, he slowly and deliberately climbed up the hatchway, and still lean and lank, disappeared in the distance.

* * *

BURYING A FORT.—Quite an original method of taking a fort is described in *Blackwood's Magazine.* In 1596, a large Russian army besieged the Turkish fort of Azof, which was situated on a plain, strongly fortified, and had a small but well disciplined garrison. No common approaches could be made to it, and the Turkish cannon swept the level with iron hail. In this case the engineering skill of the Russians was baffled, but General Patrick Gordon, the right-hand man of Peter the Great, and the only one for whose death it is said he ever shed a tear, being determined to take the place at any cost, proposed to bury it with earth by gradual approaches. He had a large army; the soil of the plain was light and deep, and he set twelve thousand men to work with spades, throwing up a high circumvallation of earth wall before them in advance. The men were kept in gangs, working day and night, the earth being thrown from one to another like the steps of a stair, the top gang taking the lowest place every half hour in succession. In five weeks the huge earth wall was carried forward nearly one mile, until it rose to and above the highest ramparts, and the earth began to roll over them. This caused the Turkish governor to hang out the white flag, and give in. Had he not done so, General Gordon would have buried the fortress.

* * *

DID you ever notice how surprised you were when you put your foot on the next stair and found there wasn't any there.

A SNAKE STORY.

"Beware of pickpockets!" repeated a benevolent old gentleman as he glanced at a placard posted in the car in which he was riding. "Dear me, how sad that such a warning should be necessary in a Christian land!"

"Yes, sir," said the young man next him, "but it's best to be careful, for there may be pickpockets in this very car. I know all about that, sir. I've been rescued from the lowest depths. I was a pickpocket once, sir."

"Dear me," said the old gentleman, starting.

"I'm a respectable person now. Yes, sir, I'm very respectable; ask anybody about Jim Tilks and they'll tell you that; but I was brought up a thief. I was born among thieves, and took to the trade naturally, and I used to pick pockets when I was ten years old. You needn't look at yours, if you please, sir. I've been converted since, and go to meeting regular. You could trust me with untold gold now.

"But as I said, I was a thief, and I might have been one yet if it hadn't been for what happened at Rickady station, where I was sitting waiting for any old lady's reticule, or any forgetful person's parcel, or even an umbrella, or a pocket-handkerchief, as might be dropped by chance. For folks that's anxious about gettin' on the right train at the right time, and nobody to do anything but snub 'em, which is what the officials are apparently paid to do, ain't as careful of their portable property as they would be otherwise. When I was a wicked sinner, I used to take advantage of that, you know. You couldn't bribe me to do it now—oh, no.

"But as I said, I was a-lounging about there, and in came a gentleman with a long basket. It was the curiousest basket I ever saw. Had two handles and a padlock. Never saw such a basket. There was a cord about it, too. He put it down in the corner as he looked for his pocket-book, and he spoke to a gentleman who was standing near, and seemed to know him.

"'Got it,' he said, 'and its cost me enough, I can tell you, but I wanted it for the collection—couldn't do without it. So proud of it I brought it along myself. Whew! five minutes only, and I haven't my ticket,' and he rushed toward the office.

"The other man looked at the basket a minute and then walked away, and *that* was my time. I crept up to the basket and took it up and walked away in another direction. Nobody noticed me. I didn't run, of course. I just went out of the station and down under the tree, and what I meant to do was to take the valuables out of the basket and leave it there.

"I'd made up my mind that it was something very valuable, but what it could be I couldn't guess. I took off the cord first and then I took the key that hung beside the padlock and unlocked that, and lifted up the cover a little. Just then there was a noise and I turned my head.

"When I found it was nothing to be afraid of, I turned back. I opened the cover wider and peeped in; but there was nothing there, the basket was empty—not a thing in it.

"'Why, gracious me!' says I; only not in them words—I was a wicked sinner then—'what does this mean? An empty basket! And what did *he* mean by talking of its being valuable?' And there was I, running a risk for nothing.

"A risk. Why, I was done for, for nothing; for here were the police after me; at least, a big arm went around my waist, all of a sudden like; and when I jerked it only held me closer; and what was that—another arm?

"Well, sir, I thought I should just give up that minute, for there and then I knew that what was twisting about me was something worse than even a policeman's arm to such as I was then.

"It was a snake—a great snake—the kind they put in menageries. Boa-constrictor—yes, sir—that was the kind—a boa-constrictor; and now I remembered the face of the gentleman who had the basket—he was the menagerie man. I'd stolen a basket with a snake in it, and it had slipped out when I opened the cover, and now it had me.

"Tight, sir, was no word. It was twisted around me until I had very little breath left, but with what I did have I set up a yell. Would you believe it, sir, the first person that heard me was that menagerie man; he was looking for his snake, I suppose.

"'Bless my heart,' says he, when he saw me—'bless my heart. Well, the biter bit, if ever it happened. You stole the basket, my friend, and out of it came the thief-catcher. Now keep still; don't move for your life. There's just one chance for you.'

"Says I: 'Hurry, please, sir; I'm a chokin.'

"He did hurry. He took a bottle out of his pocket, and out of another he took a kind of folding cup, and opened it out. Then he poured something from the bottle into the cup.

"'Milk,' says he; 'it may tempt him away; if not, say your prayers, friend;' and I tell you that was an anxious moment for me.

"At first I thought he had done for me, for the snake only seemed to twist tighter; but in a minute the head looked out towards the cup and I felt him drop off, and saw him coiled about the milk cup. I didn't wait to see him fed.

"But it was a lesson to me. It put an end to my course of wickedness. This is my station, sir. Good afternoon. There isn't a more respectable or more honest young man than I am living now. Good afternoon."

Then he was off.

"It's a very curious story," said the old gentleman—"very. But he's evidently a very conscientious young man now."

He put his hand in his pocket for his pocket-handkerchief. It was gone—so was his purse. They had gone with the conscientious young man.

* * *

IMAGINATION.—A contented citizen of Milan, who had never passed beyond its walls during the course of sixty years, being ordered by the Governor not to stir beyong its gates, became immediately miserable, to do that which he had so long contentedly neglected, that, on an application for a release from this restraint being refused, he became quite melancholy, and at last died of grief. The pains of imprisonment also, like those of servitude, are more in conception than reality. We are all prisoners. What is life but the prison of the soul?

A NOVEL IDEA.

THE COMMERCIAL VALUE OF HEALTH AND WHAT MAY BE DONE TO SECURE IT.

Very few people can afford to be sick. The rich man may not mind the expense, the man in moderate circumstances can neither afford the time nor the expense, and the poor man has no right to be sick, for his sickness must be prevented or cured at the expense of society. The very rich and the poor patronize the doctor at the slightest symptoms of illness; the one can pay the bills, the other goes to the free dispensary. The man in moderate circumstances avoids the doctor as long as possible, and permits harmless attacks of illness to grow to formidable disease and often calls in help when it is too late. In every thousand men and women there is always a certain number who are sick. This proportion varies in different places and seasons, but it is a known fact in the health of cities. It may, for convenience, be reckoned at, say, twenty-five in the thousand. This sick rate being known, it is easy to reckon the commercial value of health, and this being ascertained, it is possible to decide the actual money cost of maintaining health.

Suppose, says the New York *Times,* one thousand men and women in one neighborhood paid, each, ten cents a week to a fund. In a year they would have a fund of $5,200. Suppose they paid $4,000 to a good physician for his services, on demand, for a year. A good medical man could easily undertake to maintain the thousand people in good health, as far as nature would permit, and would still have left $1,200 to pay for collecting the money. The doctor would hardly be expected to collect the money, and a collector, to call each week or month in advance, would be needed. This would only amount to $5.20 a year for each one, and would entitle each one to medical attendance for the year without extra charge. By such an arrangement the patients would be sure of help in need; they would call the doctor at the very first approach of illness, and much sickness would thus be avoided. Everything depends on the first attack in a disease, the first hour is worth more than the second week, and the doctor who is called promptly is generally the most successful. If the doctor felt secure in a good income; if he had his patients in hand at all times, he could do himself more justice, and save his patients much trouble, delay and pain.

A young doctor puts out his sign and waits weary years for a decently good income. His patients often have the utmost difficulty in paying his bills. And, with all this, by proper association, they could get good medical attendance from a man jealous and eager to keep them well for only a few dollars a year in advance, and the doctor would be saved the worrying care and heart-sickening deferment of hope that are his usual experience in early medical life. The only wonder is that some active and honest man does not undertake to collect ten or fifteen cents a week from a thousand or more people and provide them with a first-class physician. An able medical man could readily undertake the care of fifteen hundred patients, if he was provided with a generous and fixed income. The collector, picking up fifteen cents a week, in weekly or monthly payments, could easily pay a physician $8,000 or 9,000 a year for his whole time, could guarantee to his patients the best attention on demand, and still have a little something for himself. This idea is neither new nor visionary. It is already in active operation in several English cities, under what is know as the Provident Dispensary system. It can be made to pay, and might be of infinite value, both to the patients and to the medical profession.

* * *

THE "TRUE INWARDNESS" OF A CELEBRATED TROTTING HORSE.—Some twelve or fifteen years ago a queer character nicknamed "Jersey Bill," lived at Otisville, N. Y. During the races at Goshen and Middletown he used to visit the courses for the purpose of peddling whips, which were made of reeds, and which he sold for five and six cents a piece. When Bill had accumulated a little money he abandoned his itinerant pursuits, settled down at Hampton, and became proprietor of the tavern there. He had many acquaintances among the farmers in Sussex county, N. J., and when business was slack he would take a run across the line to visit them. On one of these occasions Bill chanced to see a mare which he admired greatly, and which, after some dickering, he purchased for $150 and brought her back with him to Hampton. She stood about fifteen hands high, was a sprightly, neat-limbed creature, and attracted considerable attention from the connoisseurs in horseflesh who frequented Bill's tavern. Not long after he received an offer of $750 for the animal, and finally accepted it. The mare was taken in charge by her new owner, removed to Newburgh, placed in the care of a careful trainer, and in due time regularly introduced upon the trotting turf. Her history from that time forward was marked by a series of triumphs. Last week she made the fastest time (2:16¼) ever known on the trotting course in the state of California. The gentleman who purchased her from Jersey Bill was Alexander Goldsmith, and the mare's name is Goldsmith Maid.

* * *

A WIZARD OUTWITTED.—At a hotel in Dover, a gentleman from Baltimore was treating a crowd of men who had a rather rural appearance about them, with what is known as tricks in sleight of hand. The crowd watched him with eagerness place silver pieces in the palm of his hand and cause the same to disappear without any apparent action on his part. Glasses were filled with water as though by spirit hands, the clock swayed to and fro on its fastenings, and other feats equally remarkable were performed. Finally one of the crowd, a man named Potter, with his breeches tucked in his boots, sidled up and asked for the watch of the man of tricks, for the purpose of showing him a trick that was worth two of his own. The article was handed over. He shoved it into his trousers between the waistband and then told the Baltimore gentleman that he could not find it, and he was as good as his word, for up to a late hour yesterday afternoon, the watch, a fine gold hunting case, had not been found, although the man was stripped five minutes after the occurrence. Esquire Dickson held the offender to bail in the sum of $300, but it is certainly a mystery what became of the watch, and more to the man who was beaten at his own game than anybody else.—*Ex.*

A MAN WITHOUT A NAME.

The saddest story I have lately heard had its catastrophe precipitated by the veto of Governor Kemper of Virginia. Ex-Governor Smith was a member of the last house of delegates, from the county of Fauquier, and early in the recent session he introduced a bill with the curious title: "Declaring the name of Charles Van Mason." Afterwards when the bill was reported and came up on its first and second readings, ex-Governor Smith explained that one of his constituents was "a man without a name." Both of his parents died when he was an infant, leaving him a waif and astray in the county, dependent upon the benevolent. He passed from hand to hand until his real name was lost and nobody could be found who could recall it. As he grew up he became known as Tromp Payne—a mere nickname to which he had no legal claim. He was a bright youth, and a gentleman of the county took a fancy to him, had him educated to some extent and taught the trade of a stone mason. Since he had arrived at manhood's estate he had achieved much success in business, becoming a considerable contractor, and accumulating some wealth. He had already experienced some mortification and some legal difficulties by reason of the uncertainty of his name, but he had managed to get on till last year, when he fell in love with a beautiful girl of Fauquier and sought her for his wife. Then he found his nameless condition an insuperable objection to the lady. She would never consent to part with her own name until assured that she would legally receive another in its stead. "Tromp" applied to the courts for relief, but they held that while they had power to change a name, they had no power to give a name to a person who had none. In this tribulation "Tromp" applied to ex-Governor Smith, who introduced in the General Assembly a bill "declaring the name of Charles Van Mason"—in which "Tromp" had combined the name of his chief benefactor with that of the trade whereby he had got on in life.—But it was not until the last days of the session that the bill was got through both houses and was sent to the Governor. He had not heard the facts of the case and supposed it to be one in which the courts could do everything required. He vetoed it—returned it disapproved just as the general assembly was adjourning sine die, and it was too late to help the matter. Late information from Fauquier tells that the lady has finally refused to entertain "Tromp's" proposals any longer, and has taken another suitor whose name is inherited and incontestible. "Tromp," in dispair, has gone to Texas. So much for an ill-considered veto.—*Richmond, Va., Cor. Chicago Times.*

* * *

THE DOBRUDSCHA.

WHAT IT IS, AND THE NECESSITY OF ITS OCCUPATION BY RUSSIA.

The report of a Russian cavalry and artillery advance into the Dobrudscha, and that two of the Muscovite army corps are destined to there, renders a description of the country desirable. The occupation of this stretch of country, where in former campaigns countless Russians have laid down their lives—the bones of at least 100,000 of them lie in the marshes—is most important before any general attack along the whole line. The Pruth empties only twelve miles east of Galatz. The intervening terrain is no place in which to conduct a campaign, since as far as the eye can reach it sees only lakes and swamps, and in early spring, when the Danube overflows, the landscape becomes one stretch of water, from which only here and there the hilltops rise like islands. Beyond the mouth of the Pruth as far as Tultscha the outlook is similar from the city of Reni. Far extending lakes, in which the streams from the north disembogue, must hinder military operations. On the west from Galatz, where the Sereth with its many tributaries empties into the Danube, the prospect is equally hazardous, but all these drawbacks fail to render the occupation of Galatz less important and desirable from the Russian point of view, since—and this should be strongly noted—Galatz is the only place in the long extent of the river from Kalafat to its mouth from which the Turkish shore can be dominated. The northernmost part of the Dobrudscha is as flat as a board, with the exception of a very small portion occupied by Tartars. At the distance of a day's march rise the low, round "Heights of Babadagh," where, as it seems, in the worst case, the Russians would come upon the first Turkish position. At Ibrail, twelve miles up the river from Galatz, batteries would be an excellent position to keep off the Turkish monitors. The nearest danger to parties wishing to operate from the west side of the city of Galatz is Dort, immediately above the railway station, where lies the muddy side of the ravine on which the terraces of the city are built; yet even here there is room for the establishment of defensive works; consequently, with the best of actual fighting—for strategy here seems to be at fault—it would be most difficult to occupy the place. The subjugation of the Dobrudscha as an introduction to the war is evidently as necessary as it seemed to General Geismar during the troubles of 1828-29, when he made it the fundamental idea of the plan of the war.

* * *

A WESTERN journal says that one of their local judges recently had a lesson in spelling. The incident affords a "Spelling Bee" suggestion. The witness before the court was Mr. Wood. "What is your name?" asked the clerk. "Ottiwell Wood," answered the witness. "How do you spell your name?" then asked the somewhat puzzled judge. Mr. Wood replied, "O double T. I double U. E double L. double U. double O. D." The astonished judge thought it the most extraordinary name he had ever met with, and after two or three attempts to record it, gave it up, amid roars of laughter.

* * *

PIUS IX sleeps in one of the smallest of the eleven rooms at his command. A narrow, humble bed, without curtains or drapery—something similar to those used in seminaries for school boys—a sofa, two or three common chairs and a writing table, are all the articles of furniture; few and simple enough for a Capuchin. There is not even a rug by the bedside to cover the floor of red tiles not in the best repair. Winter and summer alike, the Pope gets up soon after five o'clock.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
Friday Morning, - - May 25, 1877.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The members of the Democratic County Committee are requested to meet in the Court House at Ebensburg,

On MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1877,

at one o'clock, P. M. The times for holding the next delegate election and Democratic County Convention will be designated, and other important business transacted at this meeting.

L. D. WOODRUFF,
Chairman.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., May 23, 1877.

THE Altoona *Tribune*, an independent (?) paper with intense Republican proclivities, has this to say about one of the most fearless, faithful and formidable Democratic journals published in the State—or out of it, for that matter:

> The Lancaster *Intelligencer* is one of the best conducted daily papers in the State. In its editorial, local, general news and literary departments the trace of able and experienced hands are plainly visible. The chief editor wields a trenchant pen, and many of his articles are spicy, full of irony, and give decided zest to its columns. One thing about the *Intelligencer* commendable is that it don't send out its daily to country publishers for the purpose of getting a favorable notice and then meanly cut their acquaintance.

◆

UP to yesterday no important change had taken place in the relative positions of the Russian and Turkish forces on the Danube. The former are concentrating at different points on its northern bank, while the latter are opposite to them on its southern border. At some places the river is a mile in width and at others a mile and a half. No attempt will be made by the Russians to cross until the arrival at headquarters of the Emperor, in a week or ten days. The Russian commander telegraphs an importan success at Ardaban, near Kars, (Asia Minor,) but there is nothing definite as to military results on either side in that portion of the seat of war, nor are there as yet any certain indications as to the course that will be taken by England and Austria in the matter.

◆

IF it was even true, as asserted by some Republican papers, that A. J. Willard, who was elected last week by the Legislature of South Carolina to the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, was a "rebel Democrat," it would not prove that he was not the right man in the right place. But it is *not* true, as he has always been a Republican and supported Hayes for the Presidency. He was the candidate of Governor Hampton, purely on the ground of his legal ability and his admitted fitness for the high position, as well as his willingness to sink partisan feeling in the discharge of his duties as a Judge. His place as an Associate Justice of the same Court was filled by the unanimous election of Hon. Henry McIver. The other Associate Justice, J. J. Wright, colored, of whom we made mention two weeks ago has, been impeached by the Legislature for general worthlessness and incompetency, and stands a first class chance of being convicted and removed from office.

◆

THE Beaver *Radical* states that the contest for the Republican nomination for Auditor General seems to have narrowed down between Reeder, of Northampton, and Passmore, of Schuylkill, that John A. Lemon, of Blair, would have been the nominee, had he *pressed* his claims, but that he prefers to serve out his time in the State Senate. We formed the opinion some time ago, based on the tone of the Republican papers in Blair county, that Mr. Lemon was *pressing* his claims with remarkable vigor and earnestness. As the *Radical* is, however, the mouth-piece of ex-Senator Rutan and M. F. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth, who know more about fixing a slate and manipulating a convention than any other two Republican leaders in the State, its announcement, as given above, may be regarded as semi-official. The milk in this cocoanut is accounted for from the fact that Don Cameron wants Lemon's vote in the Republican caucus of the Legislature in January, 1879, to re-nominate him (Cameron) for United States Senator, and is therefore unwilling to run the risk of the election of a Democrat in this district next fall as John A. Lemon's successor.

◆

A STATE local option convention was held in Pittsburgh last week. The delegates were mostly ministers of the gospel, with a sprinkling of laymen, two or three of the latter being members of the present Legislature. A vast number of speeches were delivered and a resolution adopted in favor of the re-enactment of the local option law as introduced at the last session of the Legislature. We have carefully read the proceedings of the convention and find that nothing new was said on the subject, for the obvious reason that the question has been exhausted and nothing new can be said. Local option in this State, as well as in every other State in which the scheme of prohibitory liquor legislation has been tried, has proved a failure—utterly impotent and impracticable. We had supposed that after it had been practically demonstrated, time and again, that temperance cannot be enforced by a legislative enactment, any further experiment in that direction would not be attempted. The reverend gentlemen, however, who met at Pittsburgh seem not to have profited by the experience of the past, and are determined to resurrect the dead body of local option and invest it with new legislative life. We do not question their motives, but their efforts will be in vain. In this State it has had its day, and the true friends of temperance do not want to see it revived only to be openly violated and treated with contempt. In five months the Murphy movement, as it is called, has accomplished more for the cause of temperance in Pennsylvania than all the prohibitory and local option legislation of the last twenty-five years. The victim of intemperance may be rescued from its iron grasp by appeals to his manhood, common sense and self-interest, but never by an act of the Legislature.

ON yesterday week, Gen. Grant, Mrs. Grant and their two youngest sons sailed for Liverpool in the steamship Indiana, intending to be absent between one and two years in their travels through Europe. He was escorted down the Delaware from Philadelphia to New Castle, to which point the Indiana had preceded him, by a number of his political and personal friends, who had chartered the steamer Twilight for that purpose.

On the passage down the river dinner was served up, toasts given, much wine drank and several speeches delivered. Gen. Sherman was the first speaker, and, as usual, was as indiscreet in his utterances as he generally is, and as he had been in New York on the previous Tuesday at a dinner given by the Chamber of Commerce, in which he laid down the absurd proposition that "without the army the people of this country would be nothing but a *mob*." Among other things he told Grant to his face, "If you want anything in your country when you return, there are thousands—yes millions—who will give it to you for the asking." He could not of course have meant by this a *third term*, which Grant at one time wanted very badly, for unless Gen. Sherman is misrepresented he is ambitious of being the successor of Hayes himself. That immortal Michigan statesman and the implacable foe of England, Zach Chandler, after draining a full tumbler of champagne to the dregs, had the modesty, to say nothing of the courage, to inform Grant in his speech that "he (Grant and not Zachariah) will go down in history, as the most illustrious civilian representative of the United States Government. I do not except even General Washington." Geo. M. Robeson, ex-Secretary of the Navy, followed Chandler, and claimed that his ancestors came to this country with William Penn—that this ovation to Grant was a "sight to gods and men"—"most honorable to the country and unparalleled in the annals of the world." Simon Cameron was on board, and in reply to three cheers in his behalf, said: "I am a Presbyterian," which no body cared about knowing and was a sorry compliment to that respectable and numerous body of Christians. He then talked learnedly about Cæsar Cromwell and William III. of England, and continued: "Then comes Buonaparte; I don't think that Gen. Grant is a Buonaparte," and we will add for him that no living man thinks so. "I think he is a greater soldier and a greater statesman," Simon concluded his eulogy by plainly blurting out the third term idea and giving Hayes an ugly thrust under the fifth rib in this wise: "He (Grant) will come back with millions glad to see him and welcome him with the anxious desire that he will take the helm of the ship of State as it goes to destruction."

Other speeches of like import were made, but the foregoing will answer as samples. Taking in the scene on board the Twilight, orators, speeches and all, Robeson was literally correct when he said, "We have seen a sight this day unparalleled in the annals of the world." And so it was, for never before on the face of the earth had it a parallel. It was right and proper to give the ex-President a cordial send-off on his departure from the country, but in doing so it was not necessary to pervert the truth of history, overwhelmn him with fawning and abject man-worship, and transform him into a very demi-god. If Grant could be led captive by this inordinate and disgusting flattery, so unspairingly showered upon him, and if the Indiana should encounter a hurricane on her trip across the Atlantic, he might be tempted in his self-importance to repeat to her terrified captain the memorable words of the great Roman conqueror on a like occasion, "Fear not, for you carry Cæsar and his fortunes."

◆

IN the Philadelphia *Record's* lively report of the speeches on the occasion of the departure of Gen. Grant, ex-Senator Cameron is put down as saying: "This is indeed a compliment to a retiring president to receive such a demonstration from men who had not received offices or favors at his hands." Our veteran ex-senator must have been rather oblivious of his surroundings. Not less than four ex-members of Grant's cabinet were in his presence when he made this speech, besides numerous other persons who held important offices under the late administration. That they should make this strong demonstration in grateful remembrance of past favors when the power to serve them has ceased is what enhances the value of this compliment to the ex-President. Ex-Senator Cameron is further reported as saying of General Grant in that easy and unaffected way which gives such a charm to his convivial speeches: "Somehow he was always against me. The only office I ever got from him was the commission of a second lieutenant on the last day of his administration." It is sad to reflect on the neglect experienced by General Cameron during the eight years of Grant's administration. A seat in the cabinet for one member of the family and a foreign mission for another, with positions for friends and relatives the long roll of which can scarcely be enumerated, are all forgotten and a commission snatched for a second lieutenant on the last day of Grant's term is alone remembered. Considering the neglect, not to say downright hostility of Grant to Cameron and his friends, nothing could be more admirable than the magnanimity as well as delicacy with which the veteran chief suggested Grant as the next republican candidate for President. Such generous oblivion of injuries is rarely found in a politician. Only one poor second lieutenancy!—*Harrisburg Patriot*.

◆

A FEARFUL accident occurred at Chester, in this State, on last Tuesday morning, while preparations were in progress for launching the large iron steamship Saratoga at Roach's shipyard. Without a moment's warning the vessel started prematurely down the stocks, and before the men at work under her sides could get out of the way seven of them were crushed to death and a number of others more or less seriously injured. About forty men were under the vessel when it went off, and it seems that the order given them to come out was unfortunately not heard.

◆

SINCE Francis T. Nicholls became the undisputed Governor of Louisiana, the bonds of the State have advanced from *sixty* to *eighty-four* per cent. and the opinion is confidently expressed that they will be at par in three weeks. The mere statement of this fact furnishes conclusive proof of the confidence reposed in Governor Nicholls, and shows that Packard's fraudulent claim as Governor of the State was not brought to an end a moment too soon.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1877.

"THE PRESIDENT'S" ATTITUDE.

During the ten weeks that Mr. Hayes has resided in the White House, there has been a great rush for office. In not more than two or three instances in any of the appointments that he has made has he given any promise in advance. He takes his own time in selecting officials, and no amount of pressure can induce him to precipitate action. When Grant first came into office he daily turned out, neck and heels, hundreds of Andrew Johnson's office-holders. But after ten weeks incumbency, Mr. Hayes has made scarcely any appointments to speak of. It is true that it has happened that a good many Ohio people have slipped into office, but Mr. Hayes has not followed the example of his predecessor by turning out good men to make room for even them. In consequence there is much dissatisfaction among the hordes of office seekers at the delay.

MEXICAN FILLIBUSTERS.

No importance whatever is attached in official circles here to the sensational stories afloat concerning fillibustering expeditions to Mexico under the direction of the refugee President of that distracted Republic. The young men of the United States are not at present of romantic turn of mind sufficient to induce them to embark in any such enterprise. The talk of thousands of restless, adventurous spirits in the South eager for that kind of business is the simplest kind of nonsense.

THE WHISKEY RING.

The case of Jake Rehm, the boss of the Chicago whiskey ring, is still pending before Assistant Secretary of the Treasury French. His counsel claim that the suit against him for $700,000 should be withdrawn in pursuance of an alleged bargain with ex-Sec. Bristow, by which he was to have full immunity for turning State's evidence. It is the opinion that some such bargain was made, but it is deemed advisable to let the Court settle the point of immunity.

FENTON VS. CONKLING.

New York politicians here mention ex-Governor Fenton as likely to exercise great influence with the Administration, which is quite distasteful to the friends of Senator Conkling, who will undoubtedly range himself in opposition to the policy of Mr. Hayes at the coming extra session, he not having as yet been near the White House, and, seemingly, taking no interest in the doings of the administration. Fenton's friends claim that he will have much to do with the New York appointments, and as there has long existed a bitter fued between Conkling and Fenton, we fully anticipate not only a lively time, but a regular "Turk meet Turk fight."

OLD-MAN-WHO-TALKS-TALK,

Stephens, ex-Vice President of the late Confederate States, has so much improved in health that he *exited* this city in a special car for his home last Tuesday. Well, if the car can stand it, we can. He may be able, like Ben Hill, to make Rome howl, but he can't lift the top of the car off.

SUPREME COURT JUSTICES.

In a few days all the Justices of the Supreme Court will leave us for circuit duty nominally. In consequence of the lack of funds they will sit on the circuit bench for a much shorter period this term than has heretofore been the case, which will not remedy the excessive inconvenience caused by the want of funds at this time. It is almost a pity that this depletion of the public exchequer does not come in December, as then such fat Judges as Clifford and Swayne could hibernate like bears and suck their paws till warm weather came again.

RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS.

Secretary Sherman is ever and anon dropping by word of mouth the details of his plan to resume the payment of specie by January, 1879, the time fixed by law. His financial views appear about the same as those so often proclaimed upon the floor of the Senate. Anything more than a cursory allusion would be superfluous, as it is expected he will be guided in his operations by the convictions which he has so uniformly uttered. Every move of the Secretary is watched with hawk-eyes by the opponents of his financial theories, lest he might lose sight of the imperative necessity of maintaining the sinking fund. He will not recognize silver as specie, and the South and West may go for his scalp in Congress, because there is a general sentiment in those sections in favor of the bi-metalic standard for money.

WASHINGTON MUSINGS.

Inhabitated as Washington now is with the intelligence and refinement of our foreign population, and gathering in its beautiful streets and wide avenues the residences of the renowned diplomat of all the great cities of Europe, as well as our own nation, it seems like a transformation from the grand throng of aristocratic old residents who assembled here to see Washington depart for his home nearly eighty years ago. The generation is not yet dead that could invest this classic ground with lots of romance of the past, and many a sober old white-headed burgher who now figures as "ye oldest inhabitants" can recollect (perhaps not without a sigh) when he whispered soft nonsense in the ears of our grandmothers while strolling along some avenue of a summer's night more than half a century ago. It has now the genial perfume of a garden of Eden, or a paradise not lost, but beautiful forever. Palaces have taken the place of hovels. Whole squares of places have been filled with beautiful residences, and the evidences of wealth and taste greet one on every hand. Our parks are blooming with magnolias and exotics, and fancy builds up a picture of beauty for the future of our city equal to that with which Babylon of old enchanted the world. Here Lafayette was received by a grateful people, and here too the Swedish Nightengale took America by storm, whilst Barnum bagged his thousands, "ye oldest inhabitants" paid his hundreds for a ticket on the front seats in the "Old National," and died since without a dollar. The glorious associations of the past have not as yet departed, and at no season of the year could our city be visited with more pleasure than at present. Corcoran has given us an Art Gallery filled with paintings and statuary by the best artists, ancient and modern, to which the visitor wearied with out-door sight-seeing may turn and spend hours in feasting his eyes upon the beauties of art. He has also built a monument of charity for the distressed and unfortunate widows in his "Louise Home," and endowed it for all time as a perpetuity of his own name, as well as a blessing for the needy and another land mark of the beautiful for the future visitor.

ANDERSON.

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—Swindlers have been extensively operating in Western Pennsylvania on the strength of the Murphy movement. They go to a well-to-do countryman, represent that Francis Murphy is at the head of a secret political temperance movement, swear in their victim as agent for his district, tell him that $2,000 will be furnished him to prosecute the work, together with a book of instructions from headquarters at Philadelphia, collect an initiation fee of $50, and leave the victim to discover the swindle by the lapse of time. This trick has been successfully played on quite a number of country persons—who don't read the papers.

Something Foreshadowed.

TROUBLE AHEAD FOR THE FRAUDLENT PRESIDENT—NO EXTRA SESSION AT ALL.

"The fact is that Hayes, in adopting the Democratic policy South, has signed the death warrant of these same rebellious gentlemen, and, if he persists in carrying out his civil service, which means to eliminate political influence from two kinds of the officers, he deals a death blow to the party itself. Now, you see that between these antagonisms a President, fatally bent on carrying out a platform on which he was nominated, and which the framers forgot as soon as it was promulgated, and the party itself, the feeling is desperate and deadly. There is no relief, because there can be no compromise. Half the work has been accomplished, and the same firmness and courage that have brought about this much promise all."

"I see the Republican leaders find too late that it were better to have a Democratic President carry out a Democratic policy than a Republican. The first is an assault that rather strengthens the other side, while the last is confession and suicide."

"But it is too late. That is precisely why the extra session is held in October instead of June."

"I don't see it."

"No, but you will when I give you a few facts to stand on. The Democrats have the House. The Democrats, aided by the little handful of carpet-baggers, can have the Senate. Now these last, in view of the very unpleasant death in store for them, have been negotiating with the Democracy to have that organization in Congress do what the Electoral Commission failed in, and thus go back of the returns and unseat Hayes by showing that Tilden was duly elected."

"The Devil and Tom Walker! Do you mean to say that this charming scheme actually assumed practical shape?"

"Certainly I do. The Radical rascals of South Carolina and Louisiana, maddened by the unexpected desertion of Hayes, had ready for publication all the rot of Florida and Louisiana through which Hayes secured his inauguration, and the production of that would have forced an investigation, and the President would have found himself dependent upon five desperate fellows in the Senate. They would then be masters of the situation, instead of the Administration."

"I don't believe the Democracy could be induced to countenance such a scheme."

"Innocent man! The Democracy, at least no leading Democrat, would enter into a conspiracy for any such a purpose, especially with carpet-baggers and convicted rogues who turn State's evidence. But suppose some startling discoveries were made by Mad. Wells and Packard, who now, by and with the consent of Hayes, are being kicked out of the South, the Democrats would have to order an investigation, and the result of that would depend on the handful of desperate and rebellious Republicans in the Senate."

"And so to avoid all this the extra session was called for October."

"Yes, and that is not all. If they find they can run the machine smoothly until then, the President will revoke his proclamation, and we shall have no extra session at all."—*Cincinnati Enquirer*.

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THE MARITAL TROUBLES OF AN EX-AUDITOR GENERAL.—A special correspondent of the Phila. *Times*, writing from Warren, Pa., under date of May 20, says that Gen. Harrison Allen, late Auditor General, is having a very spirited time in a domestic way. As has already been stated he has instituted proceedings against his wife for divorce, and the matter is in the courts. The other day, however, General Allen, hearing that his wife at their home was entertaining a man named George Watson, he went with the chief of police of this place to arrest Watson, who is a Titusville man. At the front entrance to the house Mrs. Allen offered resistance, and when the door was forced in she discharged a pistol, but without injury to any one, although the policeman narrowly escaped. Watson, who had been surprised in the house, made his escape out the back way and rode off. General Allen, with the policeman, pursued in a carriage. Watson fired a couple of shots at them, which they returned, and a fusilade was kept up for over two miles, Watson finally abandoning his carriage and escaping into the woods. Watson is reported to have returned to the Allen house at night and sent word to the officers that he did not intend to run away, but the first man to interfere would get hurt. The General some time since abandoned his fine residence to his wife.

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—A most unprovoked and wanton murder was committed in East Carondolet, Ill., opposite South St. Louis, on Saturday. A man named Henry Jeffries, under the influence of liquor, met a negro called George walking along one of the streets of the village. He ordered him to get out of the way and let a white man pass. The negro promptly obeyed, but Jeffries passed on to a saloon near by and said he ought to have killed the "damned nigger." Shortly after he saw the same negro leaning against the fence in the yard of a friend. He ordered the negro to come to him, but the black man refused and ran into the house of his friend. Jeffries followed, but was prevented from entering the house by the negro holding the door shut. Jeffries then stepped back a pace or two, drew his pistol and fired two shots through the panel of the door, both of which took effect in George's head killing him instantly. Jeffries immediately fled, and at last accounts had not been arrested.

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—Three months ago the body of a young man was found, lightly covered with earth and leaves, in an unfrequented spot near Philadelphia. The Coroner has been investigating the case ever since, and is now satisfied that the murdered man was Hugo Hoeme, of Berlin, who came to this country in the winter of 1876. Hugo's father wrote to the Coroner that he had received letters, evidently forgeries, purporting to be from his son, and asking for remittances. By means of a decoy letter the writer was discovered in the person of Heinrich Wahlen, alias Max Hugo, alias Max Keller, alias Max Hoehme, now in the Kings County Penitentiary for a robbery. He denies the murder, but admits having seen Hoehme, and says the latter sold him a trunk, containing papers, for $6, at Castle Garden. A requisition will be procured. The penitentiary officers say that the convict's mind seems unsettled.

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—The Kansas City *Times* says that on the arrival of the morning train on the Missouri River, Fort Scott and Gulf Railroad, yesterday, a little girl, a mere infant in size, evidently in the last stages of consumption, was taken from one of the passenger coaches. She was wan and pale and weak. She was attired in clothing as white as snow, and seemed to have been dressed for the grave. An old water proof cloak and a paper containing two dry slices of bread and a few shavings of dried beef were her entire effects. Her name is Leona Hamer, and she is an orphan. Her stepgrandfather, a Second Advent preacher named Joshua Longsworth, of Linn county, Kansas, took her to the early train on the Fort Scott road yesterday morning, and put her into a vacant seat in the car, and jumped off the train before it started. He had provided the dying girl with a half-fare ticket to Kansas City,

News and Other Notings.

—Only two counties in this State are without railroads—Forest and Greene.

—A rich discovery of gold has been made in Georgia. It will assay $3,000 per ton.

—William Moody, of Clarion county, committed suicide because his wife hated him.

—A little boy fell into a box of slaked lime at Pittsburgh last week and was fatally burned.

—An effort is to be made to recover $3,000,000, sunk near Hell Gate, New York, 96 years ago.

—An undertaker in Dallas, Texas, dug a coffin out of a grave because he had been unable to get pay for it.

—There is a goose in Lebanon which has an antipathy for water, having been raised with a brood of chickens.

—Some miscreant robbed the Catholic church at Dallastown, York county, of a silver remonstrance, worth thirty dollars.

—A phenomenon is reported from Naples, Italy. It is that for three whole days in one week there were no births out of a population of 500,000 souls.

—Thirty persons were drowned a few days ago by the wrecking of a vessel plying between Adelaide and Albany Isle, on the northeast coast of Australia.

—New York City has discovered that it has 16,000 marriageable women whom nobody wants to marry, and the *Sun* suggests that some of them be drowned.

—John Carberry, an intoxicated coal miner, fell through a trestle work in Pittsburgh on Thursday night, a distance of 100 feet. He was fatally injured.

—Quigley, the wife murderer, was hanged in Philadelphia at half past 10 o'clock Thursday morning. He met his fate with resignation, and died without a struggle.

—Diphtheria has been the cause of the death of five children of Samuel Eisenhart, of Ringtown, Schuylkill county, within two weeks. Three were buried in one grave.

—The Catholics of Ottawa, Ont., and vicinity, numbering 10,000, marched on Sunday last through the principal streets of that city in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the Pope's episcopacy.

—By an explosion of fire damp in Mine Hill Colliery, at Minersville, Schuylkill county, Tuesday morning, two boys, William Edwards and a companion, whose name is unknown, were burned to death.

—A hurricane swept the village of St. Hyppolite, Canada, Friday afternoon, and the new Catholic church and a number of houses were blown down. Two brothers, working in the church, were killed, and their father and another badly wounded.

—Two little girls, six and eight years of age, who had traveled from Ireland without a protector, recently arrived at Castle Garden, New York. They were on their way to relatives in the West, who had furnished them with money for their journey.

—Raymon, alias Jackson, who effected the ruin of a little girl twelve years of age, in Scranton, has compounded the case with the child's mother by the payment of $50. Some of the citizens, however, do not appear to think that the payment wipes out the offense.

—The Anchor Line steamer London, from New York, April 20, for Bristol, which exploded her boiler April 29, killing her Captain, three engineers, two firemen and one coal trimmer, arrived in the British Channel on Sunday. The London Board of Trade will shortly hold an inquiry on the accident.

—Mrs. Margaret Harris, aged ninety-five years, who recently died at Jersey Shore, was the daughter of John English, a soldier of the Revolutionary War who fought against his namesake, John Bull (English,) under Anthony Wayne. Mrs. Harris was married in 1803.

—Many of the township and borough officials in Schuylkill and adjoining counties, by their neglect to publish the annual statements required by law, have been declared guilty of misdemeanor in office and are to be proceeded against. The maximum punishment, in the event of conviction, is $1,000 fine.

—A physician recently died at Portsmouth, N. H., who was graduated from Harvard College, and afterwards studied in Paris, but never had but one patient, for whom he extracted a tooth, receiving a fee of twenty-five cents. He was never married, lived nearly forescore years, and left a fortune of $400,000.

—In Cleveland, Mrs. Donovan, after having some trouble with her husband, took her two children, a boy of six months and a girl of two years, went to the river near the William street bridge, jumped in, and drowned herself and children. This case is very similar to that of Mrs. Bissinger, which occurred in Reading last year.

—It is estimated that at least 300,000 pilgrims will visit Rome during the jubilee of the fiftieth year of the episcopate of the Pope. It is supposed that each of those pilgrims will give to the Pope at least $10, making a total of $3,000,000. Add to this the amount that will be sent by the churches, and the sum may reach $20,000,000.

—There was a furious whirlwind and hurricane Friday evening at Riviere Pouge, St. Jacques and L'Assumption, seven miles from Joliette, P. Que. Fifteen buildings were blown down, and the people saved their lives by taking refuge in the cellars. Trees were uprooted and fences and barns carried away. No lives were lost.

—J. H. Foster, pastor of the Congregational church at Hannibal, Mo., the wealthiest in the State, has stepped down and out because his people secured indisputable proof that brother Foster has for years led a wild and dissolute life, gambled, swindled people, and married five women, from none of whom he had been divorced.

—Rome can boast, at the present time, one of the finest tenors ever known, in the person of a Franciscan monk, Father Giovanni. Impresarii have repeatedly besought him to leave the cloister for the stage, but he turns a deaf ear. When he sang at the Easter fetes the churches were crammed to suffocation. He is a fine, robust man of 35.

—P. T. Barnum and the father of Charlie Ross issue a card offering $10,000 for the return of the child and pledging not to attempt to discover the identity of the persons so returning him. $20,000 were offered once before, but the offer did not include immunity from punishment for the kidnappers. It Barnum gets him he will probably exhibit him.

—Major Reno, who was court martialed for having made improper overtures to the wife of Capt. Bell, formerly of Altoona, has been suspended from rank and pay for two years from the 18th of May, 1877. The sentence of the court martial was dismissal, but on account of Major Reno's gallant service to the country, the President modified it to suspension.

—The first election in South Carolina since Gov. Hampton came into power has just been held in Fairfield county. Last fall the county elected two Republican members to the Legislature and gave Chamberlain about 600 majority. The Democrats have now carried the county by 1,200 majority and sent two members to the Legislature in place of two Republicans.

—Two older sisters of Miss Carter Thompson, of Staunton, Va., who has just been married at Baltimore to Governor Carroll, of Maryland, married brothers of Governor Carroll. They have all been celebrated for their beauty, Mrs Charles Carroll in particular, the wife of the Governor's oldest brother, having been commonly regarded as the belle of Washington and Baltimore in her time.

ANCHORED
AT OAK HALL.

6TH AND MARKET
STILL TO BE HEADQUARTERS FOR
CLOTHING.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
IN THE OLD PLACE AT THE OLD TRADE.

All the best talent, experience and advantages we can command, continued at OAK HALL, to produce the BEST and CHEAPEST CLOTHING for man and boy.

For sixteen years we have lived at the old corner of SIXTH and MARKET, and the business done there has been so satisfactory to the public and ourselves, that we have decided not to change or move the Clothing business away. The people like the place and we like to please the people, and we believe that we can do it better than ever at the old place.

The sales of the past year far surpassed anything we ever dreamed of, and this puts it in our power to start the Spring of 1877 with a STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, and a class of goods so excellent that we are not afraid to follow each sale with our warrantee, or receive back the goods unworn and hand over to the customer the money paid.

The store has been largely refitted, and there never was such a splendid stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's clothing under the roof, nor were we ever able to sell so cheaply. Our word for it, and we are your friends of sixteen years.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
PHILADELPHIA.

THE OLD PLACE,
6th & Market.

—Thursday, June 14, will be the one hundredth anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as a national ensign.

—Thursday afternoon, Josiah Dobbs, a lime burner, three miles west of Newville, Cumberland county, met a horrible death. His kiln was a draw kiln, but became choked. He stepped upon the stones above to force them down, when he suddenly sank in the heated mass to his waist, and he was literally roasted to death, all efforts by three men to relieve him being without avail. He leaves a wife and two children.

—The marriage of George Carr with Miss Weber was to have taken place in a Presbyterian church in Montgomery county. When the time for the nuptials arrived news was received from the bridegroom that it would be impossible for him to meet his engagement—in other words, that the Carr had run off the track—and he has not come to time since. The church was crowded to witness the ceremony which did not come off.

—On the morning of the 17th of August last, Alderman McKelvey, of Allegheny City, joined in the bonds of matrimony, James Boyd, a farmer of O'Hara township, and a daughter of Farmer Brown, a well-to-do granger of the same place. After the ceremony the couple left the office, the groom taking his newly made wife to her father's house, where he left her and went to his own home, since which time he has not visited her.

—An aged couple living in Bucks county recently celebrated their golden wedding. Of course they were an aged couple, being able to celebrate such an occasion. The man who has been married fifty years generally feels old, even if he does dye his hair. But that is not the point. The strange thing about this celebration is the fact that of the fifty persons who signed the marriage certificate in 1827, nine were present at the fiftieth anniversary.

—On Sunday night a party of disguised men went to the jail at Blandville, Ky., and, with drawn pistols, demanded and received the key, and they then seized the negro Levi Pile, who attempted to outrage and murder Mrs. C. R. Pile, last week, tied a rope around his neck, tied him to a mule, and dragged him away to the woods. Nothing further is known, except that his body was found hanging to a tree, with several bullet holes in it, and the clothing burned off. At last accounts the body was still hanging.

—A terrific hail storm passed over Shaftsbury and the northern part of Bennington, Vt., Friday afternoon, demolishing windows and doing great damage to vegetation. One of the hailstones measured five inches in diameter, another ten inches in circumference. One weighed ten and a half ounces. Several were exhibited at Bennington at five o'clock that fell nine miles distant, three hours previous. Even then three of them filled a man's hand. Nothing like it has ever before been known in Vermont.

—Near Arlington, Ky., Eli Pyle, a sixteen-year old negro boy, attempted to outrage the person of the wife of his employer, C. R. Pyle, a respected and wealthy white citizen. Failing in his purpose he choked and beat her until he supposed her dead and then threw her into a cistern. The water was only four feet deep, and Mrs. Pyle had sufficient presence of mind to tie her long hair around a projecting root so that when she became weakened she would avoid drowning. She remained in this position five hours before she was rescued.

—Lilian Stearns, aged 16, of Westfield, Vt., fell in love with her older sister's beau; but he stuck faithfully to his choice. Lilian threatened to drown herself; and one night, while the couple were out riding, she jumped from a bridge which they were just then crossing. The stream into which she fell is not deep, and it is believed that she had no intention of drowning herself, relying on being rescued by the fellow whom she meant to impress. He might easily have saved her, if he had not been scared out of his wits. Instead, he drove off for help, leaving her to drown.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that a rather remarkable instance of fearlessness is recorded as having been exhibited by a lady resident of Covington the other day. A Mr. L——, in business on this side of the river, but residing on the other side, had had a black-and-tan dog in his family for many years, which was a great pet and as intelligent as a child. It was fourteen years old. Recently it got sick, and finally went mad. Mr. L—— being absent at the time, Mrs. L——, in order to prevent the dog from running loose and biting anybody, got it into the house and held it down by the throat for more than two hours, until her husband came home. The dog was then taken to the river and drowned.

W.A.S.G.A

BARGAINS!
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BARGAINS!
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BARGAINS!
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A. A.
BARKER & SO

Are now offering to the [illegible]
Cambria a [illegible]

BARGAINS

As they are [illegible]

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, Q
Shoes for Men, Women and Ch
AT COST FOR CA

And many other [illegible]
in the city, [illegible]
til the entire stock [illegible]

☞ LOOK AT SOME OF THEIR P

Prints, good fast colors [illegible]
Brown Muslins [illegible]
[illegible]
Tickings [illegible]
[illegible]
All-Wool [illegible]
White [illegible]

Ladies' and Children's [illegible]

Ladies' and Children's [illegible]
Clark's O. N. T. [illegible]
Wax Thread, [illegible]
Shawls [illegible]
☞ Will sell you [illegible]
shoe-laces, etc., etc., [illegible]
before obtained [illegible]
great variety of other goods [illegible]
PRICES. [illegible]
selves, as you will be sure to [illegible]
can be saved by dealing with [illegible]

REMEMBER THAT THEY SELL

And don't forget that they have [illegible]
stock a large assortment of

Superb CLOTHIN

For men and boys, which they [illegible]
to sell at cost, but pledge themselves [illegible]
of at lower rates than [illegible]
perfect in make and [illegible]
where else in these parts. [illegible]
goods and prices, and bear in mind [illegible]

W. A. S. G. A.
A. A. BARKER & SON,
[5-18.] EBENSBURG, PA.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ES

THE undersigned, Executor of the [illegible]
testament of Rachel Kline, late of [illegible]
ton township, Cambria county, [illegible]
pose to public sale, at the [illegible]
Criste, in the borough of [illegible]
DAY, the 2d day of JUNE, 1877, [illegible]
said Rachel Kline died seized [illegible]
OR PARCEL OF LAND [illegible]
township, Cambria county, [illegible]
Portage road and adjoining lands [illegible]
ley, heirs of Robert Lemon, [illegible]
ing SIX ACRES, more or less, [illegible]
thereon erected a PLANK HOUSE [illegible]
STABLE. There is also a [illegible]
bearing fruit trees on the premises. [illegible]
time and place will also [illegible]
HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE [illegible]
made known on day of sale.
JOSEPH CRISTE,
Executor of Rachel Kline.
Washington Twp., May 18, 1877.-2t.

MISS M. E. DAVIS has [illegible]
from the city with the [illegible]
est assortment of MILLINERY [illegible]
ever been brought to Carrolltown [illegible]
be sold very cheap for cash, and [illegible]
May 11, 1877.-3t.

HE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

RIDAY. - - - MAY 25, 1877.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

There, and the Other Place.

—Best family flour, corn meal, etc., at E. J. Mills'.

—You can get 12 lbs. rice for $1.00 at E. J. Mills'.

—Coffee, tea and chocolate, all grades, at E. J. Mills'.

—All kinds of staple and fancy groceries at E. J. Mills'.

—Segars and tobacco, all brands, for sale at E. J. Mills'.

—Crackers, pickles, dried peachse, prunes, etc., at E. J. Mills'.

—When they want a nice Sunday hat they go to M. L. Oatman's.

—The only kind of toes that it don't hurt to mash are potatoes.

—A large stock of ladies' striped hose, very cheap, at M. L. Oatman's.

—Enquire of your storekeeper for W. & D. Rinehart's No. 1 long cut smoking tobacco.

—No. 1 Long cut smoking, made by W. & D. Rinehart, is used by all who like strong tobacco.

—Peerless Navy and Fine cut chewing tobacco can be found anywhere in the county.

—If you want a strictly No. 1 chewing tobacco, get W. & D. Rinehart's Peerless Navy and Fine cut.

—Beehive spun Roll made by W. & D. Rinehart, Pittsburgh, is a popular black navy chewing tobacco.

—Thursday next will be the Feast of Corpus Christi, one of the most solemn holy days of obligation in the Catholic household of faith.

—The pestiferous potato bug is abroad in the land, seeking the wherewith to satiate its ever craving appetite for esculential varieties.

—Ladies, you can buy nice custom-made shoes and gaiters one dollar per pair cheaper at Oatman's than elsewhere in Ebensburg. Don't forget this.

—The new shoulder brace sold by M. L. Oatman is the best thing of the kind we have ever seen, and the price is only seventy-five cents. Buy 'em and try 'em.

—Messrs. L. & S. W. Davis have a full supply of Grain Drills, Mowers, Reapers and Hay Rakes which they wish to exchange for horses, cattle, sheep, or cash.

—An empty cart upset in Woodvale borough, Monday afternoon, and falling on the little Edward Shoemaker, peeled off a goodly portion of the flesh from both of his legs.

—The best pavement of our borough, composed of large, square flagstones, has just been laid in front of Messrs. E. Roberts & Son's store room and dwelling house, on High street.

—A goodly crowd of delegates and others from various parts of the county and elsewhere were in attendance at the Sabbath School convention held in this place yesterday and the day previous.

—A committee was appointed at the Cambria Guard meeting Saturday evening to make arrangements for decoration day, Wednesday next, but what further has been done in the matter we have failed to learn.

—A little son of D. D. Goughnour, of Taylor township, died on Thursday evening of last week from the effects of a small quantity of concentrated lye drank by him in mistake for something good the day previous.

—Ivan Goughnour, who was brought to his house from East Conemaugh on the [illegible] inst., being then convalescent after a severe attack of typhoid fever, died in that [illegible], on Tuesday last, aged about 22 years.

—Clear thought and vigorous action depend upon that perfect condition of system resulting from pure blood. When symptoms provocative of dullness and inactivity present themselves, then use at once Dr. [illegible] Blood Mixture.

—Dr. Hoffman will be at Loretto, fully equipped for the performance of all work in the dental line, on Friday of next week, June 1st, and at Chest Springs on Saturday, June 2d. If your teeth need attention he's the right man to consult.

—Farmer Davis, heretofore familiarly known as Lem. Davis, has planted twenty-[illegible] acres of oats, twelve acres of corn, two and a half acres of spring wheat and two acres of potatoes, and the end is not yet.—Bully—well—for Lemuel.

—The champion vandal has turned up in Fulton county just in time to cut the teats off of cows belonging to Mr. John Snyder, of Ayr township. Such a wretch ought to be choked to death with one of the teats, or with all of them if one didn't suffice.

—Mr. Wm. Johnston, of Hollidaysburg, fell off a load of straw, on Thursday last, while endeavoring to save his little grandson from a like catastrophe, and falling to the ground received very serious injuries about the head, neck, back and breast.

—A lady's portmonnaie containing one $10 bill, four $2 bills, two $1 bills, 75 cents in silver, and a gold ring marked "C. L. M.," was lost Wednesday evening last somewhere on High street. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

—Two boys named John Alwine and Frank Allen, who are charged with stealing a ticket punch, etc., from Conductor [illegible], as noticed by us last week, were brought to this place on Monday last and lodged in jail by Chief-of-Police Harris.

—Telephonic communication between Altoona and Cresson and Altoona and Pittsburgh was tried with considerable success on Monday last, and singing and speaking were audibly, if not distinctly, transmitted over the wires from one point to another.

—John McConologue, a resident of Prospect borough, was precipitated from a scaffold at the Cambria Works, Monday afternoon, owing to the breaking of a board, and falling to the earth beneath, a distance of some fifteen feet, and fractured his right leg below the knee.

—A man named James M'Clain fell dead on one of the streets of Altoona on Thursday morning of last week. Apoplexy, superinduced by exposure and stimulants, is what the coroner's jury said caused his sad death. He leaves a wife and six children in destitute circumstances.

—A three-year old daughter of Mr. Geo. [illegible], of Cambria borough, while amusing herself walking backward, Saturday afternoon, was so severely scalded, by falling into a vessel containing hot water, which her mother had left standing on the floor, that she died in great agony about twenty-four hours afterward.

—Fifteen games of checkers for the championship of Cambria, Blair and Huntingdon counties, were played in Altoona on Monday evening last, the contestants being Wm. A. Custer, of said city, and T. S. Fleming, of Gallitzin. Mr. Custer won eleven of the games and Mr. Fleming two, the remaining two being drawn.

—The store of H. D. Witmer, in Altoona, was entered by burglars, Tuesday night, who despoiled the money drawer of $35 or $40 in cash and $400 worth of notes. Mr. W. was sleeping in the store at the time, but the first intimation he had of the robbery was when he woke up next morning and found the front door open.

—We had the pleasure of a pop call Tuesday evening from Mr. L. H. Garner, a wide awake citizen of St. Mary's, Elk county, who with a friend, Mr. B. Wesnitzer, not unknown to many of our readers, was on a visit to Carrolltown, where they enjoyed and fully appreciated the generous hospitalities of the good people of that vicinity.

—The way to get rich is to spend less money than you earn, and the right way to do this is to buy where you can buy the cheapest, and buy nothing but what you really need. Myers & Lloyd's great mercantile mart offers the best inducement to cash purchasers in this region. Goods very cheap, very select, and very abundant.

—A large force of workmen, some eighty in number, are at present engaged in the extensive quarry at Gallitzin, getting out and shipping stone to Harrisburg for building purposes. The stone in question is not only said to be almost inexhaustible in quantity, but is a gray granite of superior quality and susceptible of a high degree of finish.

—The daddy of all the black snakes was killed in Bradley's Cut, two miles from town, on Saturday last, by Mr. Wm. Kaylor, an employe on the Branch road. It measured nine feet and one inch in length and was as thick—well, as thick as two in a bed and one in the middle.

—The fine dwelling house of Mr. James Stevens, in Juniata township, Blair county, was burned to the ground on Wednesday week. No particulars; insurance $1,200. A new bank barn in the same township, the property of Mr. George Hite, was destroyed by fire on the following day. The latter was probably set on fire by children playing therein. No insurance.

—Mrs. Matilda Irvine died at the residence of her son, in Altoona, on last Sunday morning, in the sixty-third year of her age. Her husband, Samuel Irvine, deceased, was at one time stationary engineer at the head of Plane No. 5 (Summitville), on the old Allegheny Portage Rail Road. Mrs. Irvine was a sister of Mrs. Susan Rheyland and Mrs. John Dougherty, of this place.

—Failing to publish as promised the card of Mr. Geo. G. Baker, of Susquehanna twp., we trust that it will suffice for the present to remind our readers once more of the fact that Mr. Baker is prepared to do wool carding, spinning, fulling, etc., in a workmanlike manner and at the most moderate rates. Mr. B. has located on the premises of Mr. Jos. A. Gray, four miles from Carrolltown.

—A sow belonging to Mr. John Farrell, a former citizen of Conemaugh borough, but now and for several years a resident of Tyrone, gave birth to six pigs on Thursday of last week, every one of which, if we may believe a correspondent of the Altoona *Mirror*, has a red back, white hams and ears, and a blue belly and tail. Patriotic pigs those—kind of "spar stangled banner" chaps.

—It is only too true that an old farmer near Strongstown, Indiana county, whose name is Patrick Foley, as we have learned since our notice last week, was robbed of $800 (not $700 nor $550 either) in gold and silver by a couple of villainous sharpers who represented themselves as U. S. detectives in quest of counterfeit money. Some parties in the neighborhood are said to be suspected of the crime.

—David Navanan, the boy giant from Illinois, passed east over the Pa. R. R., Thursday morning of last week, en route for Barnum's museum, New York. David when one day old weighed only 8 pounds, but now, at the age of fifteen, he weighs 502 pounds, is 5 feet 10 inches high, and measures 92 inches around the waist (which is a good deal of a waste), 72 around the breast and 48 inches around the thighs.

—A young man named Alex. Sanders, a resident of Bensereek, near Lilly's station, jumped from a moving freight train one-half mile west of Gallitzin, on Sunday morning last, and falling to the track cut his head and one of his hands very severely. He was taken to his home, where his injuries were subsequently attended to by Dr. Fay, the Company's physician, who was summoned from Altoona for that purpose.

—The heat, the heat, the terrible heat; how it makes one wish for a cool retreat, where, 'mid buds and blossoms, and things like those, he could placidly think of the nice store clothes which he knows can be bought very much below par from Godfrey Wolff, at his great bazaar, where clothing, the best for warm weather and cold, can be found in profusion, as good as the gold. Don't forget the place, next door to the post-office, Altoona.

—It will be seen by notice in our advertising department that the firm of Pryce, Baxter & Co. and that of the Ebensburg Woolen Company have been dissolved, the business in both instances passing into the hands of three members of the old firm, who will henceforth be known in the mercantile trade as M'Laughlin Bros. & Co. and in the wool manufacturing business as heretofore. The instaying as well as the outgoing partners have our best wishes for success in all their future undertakings.

—Since we wrote of the heat in an item elsewhere, Spring has been forced to take a back chair, while grim-visaged Winter once more to the front has come with a sharpness more piercing than blunt; yet 'tis fair to presume that his stay will be brief and that all now complaining will soon find relief from the shivering sensations which no doubt appal and keep many from buying at Star Clothing Hall those splendid Spring suits which Murphy displays at prices so cheap that in wonder we gaze at Star Clothing Hall, 109 Clinton street, Johnstown.

—If common rumor can be relied on the directors of the Pa. R. R. Co. have recommended a reduction of ten per cent. in the wages of all the officers and employes of the company, and a curtailment as far as possible of the number of men employed. It is expected that an order will be if it has not already been issued by the general manager putting said recommendation into effect on and after the first of June next. Already a number of men in the shops at Altoona and other points have been discharged, and others it is expected will be suspended during the summer.

—The new firm now in possession of the Ebensburg Woolen Factory have put and will continue on the road for the balance of the season a wagon well stocked with goods of their own manufacture, which they propose to exchange for wool, furnishing the goods at the lowest cash rates and allowing the highest market price for all wool that may be given in return. Remember they guarantee the goods to be perfect in make, desirable in style and durable in quality, and that fabrics equally good cannot be obtained anywhere else at prices so moderate as they are now offering them at.

—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the reception of the venerable Father Lemke into the order of St. Benedict was commemorated at Carrolltown, on Sunday last, with grand religious ceremonies, in which an immense concourse of people participated. Several sermons were preached on the occasion, Father Lemke himself briefly addressing the people in English and German. This much revered priest and pioneer of the Alleghenies, as our readers will remember, celebrated not many months ago, at his late home in New Jersey, the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination as a priest of the Catholic Church. May his days in the land still be unnumbered.

—Sister Mary Magdalene, known in the world as Miss Amanda Douglass, daughter of John H. and Margaret Douglass, of Chest Springs, this county, who by the way are highly esteemed by all who know them, died at St. John's Convent (Sisters of Charity), Altoona, on Saturday evening last, aged about 27 years. The deceased entered upon her novitiate some five years ago, and while a member of the order, and indeed during her entire life, she was a model well worthy the imitation of all who wish to serve God and save their immortal souls. Her remains were interred in St. John's cemetery on Monday forenoon. May she rest in peace.

—The dwelling house of Mr. Daniel Neff, in Croyle township, this county, was, we regret to say, totally destroyed by fire on Saturday last, entailing a loss of several hundred dollars, on which there is no insurance. The family, it seems, were engaged at the time in cleaning house and in order to faciliate the work had removed the cooking stove to an out-kitchen or temporary shed, the roof of which first caught fire from the stove pipe passing through it, and the flames quickly communicating to the main building the entire structure soon fell a prey to the devouring element, the means at hand being inadequate to stay its progress. Whether or not any of the personal property was destroyed we failed to learn, but presume that most if not all of it was saved from the burning.

—Five of the involuntary inmates of the Hollidaysburg jail—two brothers named Black and three others named Snook, Reaseman and Kelly—succeeded on Sunday night last in escaping from that institution, and so far as we know have not yet been captured. It seems that the fugitives in some way got possession of a file, with which they managed to file off the hinges of an unoccupied cell, in which they subsequently ensconced themselves, and some time during the night, when all around was still, they lifted the door from its hinges and pushed it open far enough to admit of their egress. This accomplished, they had no trouble in reaching the jail yard, where they soon succeeded in making an opening through the stone wall large enough to crawl through, and crawl through it they did in short but regular order, with the result above stated.

HOW HE RECONSTRUCTED HIS (MUCH) BETTER HALF.—The incident we are about to relate occurred, as we are reliably informed, on one of the coldest nights of last winter, but as it has never been in print and is said to be a true bill, it will do to tell even yet. As the story goes, a certain man who has a comfortable name for summer use, and who resides in a certain locality in this county, got himself outside of an uncertain amount of whiskey on a certain occasion last winter, as already indicated, and going home found that his wife, in consequence of his failure to purchase a new coat for an adopted son, had cut up and remodeled his long-cherished wedding garment for the latter's use, whereupon he administered to the youth aforesaid a very complete drubbing, and then concluded, while his hand was in, to reconstruct his wife on strict pugilistic principles. Not being very favorably impressed with the importance of such a proceeding, the party of the second part gave wings as it were to her nether extremities and fortunately succeeded in getting her corporal frame outside of the house, though not in time to prevent the door from being slammed shut on the tail (we believe that is the word) of her dress, whereby to inside appearances she was held a prisoner, seemingly at the mercy of her whiskey-maddened husband. The latter, either through fear that his wife would evade his grasp or because he thought that a good freezing would answer the same purpose as a good "bating," laid violent hands on such of the offending calico as was within his reach and for several consecutive hours literally froze fast, the night being, as we have said, extremely cold, to the remnant of dry goods within his grasp. Meantime the wife of his bosom, with that presence of mind which characterizes so many of her sex, severed the ties which bound her to her worser half by simply undoing the buttons of her dress and quietly slipping out of the gaament, after which she speedily wended her way in her underclothing to the residence of a sister, where she complacently retired to rest and slept the sleep of the just until broad daylight in the morning. What transpired upon her return home next day deponent saith not, but it is to be hoped that the husband, having no doubt recovered his sober sences in the interim, gave her a welcome more cordial than *striking*. Be that as it may, the story was too good for even the "biter (frost) bitten" to keep it all to himself, and hence it finally got out and now for the first time finds its way into print.

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HONORABLY ACQUITTED.—In January last we mentioned the fact that A. C. Mullin, Esq., a former citizen of this place, had been arrested in Philadelphia on a warrant charging him and three of the directors with conspiracy to defraud the creditors of the Ashland Savings Bank, Schuylkill county, of which Mr. Mullin had been cashier and subsequently president. Mr. M. promptly gave bail in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance at the next Court, Philip Collins, Esq., becoming his surety. We stated at the time that from our personal acquaintance with Mr. Mullin, as well as from his integrity and correct business habits, we could not and would not believe him guilty of the charge until so pronounced by the verdict of a jury. The case was tried last week at Pottsville, and after the evidence for the prosecution closed on Friday evening, one witness only being called by the defense, the Court stated that the Commonwealth had failed to prove the charge, and that the only question before the jury was as to the disposition of the costs. After the argument of counsel and the charge of the Court, the jury retired, and in seven minutes thereafter returned a verdict of *not guilty*, and that the prosecutor, J. M. Frick, pay the costs of prosecution. This result completely vindicates Mr. Mullin and affords genuine gratification to his legion of friends in this, his old Cambria county home. R. L. Johnston, Esq., of this place, was present during the trial as one of Mr. Mullin's counsel. The three directors of the bank, Messrs. Wm. A. Marr, Wm. H. Bright and John P. Colihan, who were indicted as participants in the conspiracy with Mr. Mullin, were also tried and acquitted at the same time.

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EXTRAORDIYARY.

Special Sale of Superb Silks.

HUGUS & HACKE

having purchased, at a large discount from cost of importation, the balance of an importer's stock of

LYONS BLACK DRESS SILKS,

will offer them at such prices as cannot fail to be appreciated. These goods are of the most reliable manufacture and are unsurpassed for durability and beauty of finish.

With these we will offer special lines of plain colored silks at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 per yard, which we warrant to be the best ever sold for the money. Also a line of striped silks at 75 cents, formerly sold at $1. Ladies intending to purchase silks should certainly give us a call and examine our stock.

HUGUS & HACKE,
Fifth avenue and Market street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

◆

—A young man named Charles T. Cook was knocked down, run over and instantly killed by the National Line freight at the east end of the Altoona depot at a very early hour on Saturday morning last. The unfortunate victim had been "dead-heading" it on the Fast Line west, and had been put off at several points, but always managed to get on again as soon as the train started and in that way finally succeeded in reaching Tyrone, from whence he made his way to Altoona on the Pittsburgh Express, where it is presumed he got off to avoid detection and intended to board the train again as soon as it moved out of the depot. While thus waiting he was run over, as already stated, and had his left hand cut off at the wrist, his right arm torn from the socket, both legs severed from the body, and his head considerably bruised and cut. The remains were gathered up and on Monday last forwarded to 38 West street, New York, where it was ascertained that his mother resided.

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AUGUST FLOWER.—The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as a sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, gnawing and burning pains at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and disagreeable taste in the mouth, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c. Go to your Druggists, Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, or to P. M. Woleslagle & Son, Wilmore, and get a 75 cent Bottle of AUGUST FLOWER or a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Try it. Two doses will relieve you.

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THE DOCTORS OLDSHUE.—We clip the following from the Pittsburgh *Commercial-Gazette* of a recent date:

Among the members of the medical fraternity, none have a larger measure of confidence among their patients than the Doctors Oldshue, whose office is at No. 132 Grant street. The senior practitioner is one of the oldest and most successful of our physicians, and his fame has long since extended beyond the bounds of the State. His sons are thoroughly skilled in the system which gained him such eminence, and patients will receive the same careful treatment at their hands. Those suffering from diseases of any kind should consult the Doctors Oldshue, and they will not be long in finding out that they are in safe and competent hands.

RUPTURE.—If you are ruptured the best thing you can do is to call on DR. KEYSER and have a good Truss fitted. I say fitted, for there are more mistakes made by ill-fitting Trusses in the treatment of rupture than in any other way. Dr. Keyser's Trusses are not only cheaper but they are better than can be had anywhere in the United States. Dr. Keyser will cure rupture in most cases and will warrant cures. Dr. Keyser, 120 and 240 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

◆

—Mothers will grow weary and sigh over the responsibility that Baby places upon them, but they have the high privilege of shaping a character for usefulness. The exercise of patience and the preservation of Baby's health by the proper use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will give them great present comfort and prospective happiness. 25 cents per bottle.

Communication.

The Murphy Movement—Murphy vs. Christians.

NORTH EBENSBURG, May 2, 1877.

Mr. Editor—On the evening of the above date the Bethesda Baptist church was well filled by what the leader of the society called *Christians*. These were made so by different means, some being brought into the fold through the door of one of the ordinances of the church—"this occurring while in a state of unconsciousness"—others, Lydia like, "whose heart the Lord opened;" and still others by means of temperance. At the close of the meeting, however, yet another class were mentioned and definitely referred to as those going to destruction because they did not sign the pledge. They are like those whom the Apostle Paul speaks of as "too carnally minded to be subject to the will of the leader of the society." But a word of explanation before we go further. Be it known then that we of the present day find two kinds of temperance societies, the Christly and the Christless. The former we adhere to, but the latter contains so much of the human element that it is worth while to do what is advised in one of the Epistles: "try every spirit." Hence the difference between these two societies may be summed up in these words: The former has a human element controlled by a Divine element, while the latter is uncontrolled by any other element than the one which composes it. No person therefore can blame this society for being influenced by animal excitement.

Now we will give you a few of the confused ideas advanced by the two last speakers, which ought to convince any candid person that the guidance of the Holy Spirit was not present in their minds, moulding their thoughts. The two first speakers did well. They appeared to understand what Mr. Murphy's temperance creed required, and had no hesitation in saying that its influence over mankind was limited. But others who spoke after them, being pioneers and holding honorable positions, departed very considerably from the idea of temperance first advanced by the founder of the new crusade—so far indeed that the writer was led to conclude that it was high time for Mr. Murphy to call in some of his disciples and question them in regard to their mission and reordain them, as they are likely to confuse by their wavering minds the doctrine of temperance as first promulgated by the leader of this praiseworthy movement. This was fully exemplified by two prominent characters at the meeting referred to. These gentlemen are both honorable so far as the writer is aware, but as to their spirituality God must be the judge. Before I proceed further, however, let me quote a sentiment expressed at the beginning of the meeting: "The spirit of God is always in these meetings." Now if this be true, and we hope it is, let us note a few things which could not have been promoted by that spirit. The first of the two speakers to whom reference is made announced that the last meeting was one of energy and success, and yet by the mouths of two or three witnesses—aye, from more than that, as we have learned—the very contrary has been established. It don't of course militate against a society to have a failure, but it does speak ill for both the society and the person to break the cord of truth in order to stimulate the people.

And now let me say that the milk and water question was well gotten up, albeit the analogy was not as good as if it had been confined to one vessel, altho' we take it for granted that he wished us to understand that we could not be for and against temperance. Admitting this to be true, let us use the honorable gentleman as a proof. We are well aware that all societies have some good principles, while the greater mass may not be worthy of such distinction. Thus these good principles may be thought *such* by *us* thus thinking, and may find lodgment in our approbation. Now the honorable gentleman is a firm denouncer of Catholicism and yet a willing practitioner of some of its fundamental ordinances. Thus his analogy falls by himself, he being the example practical.

The next honorable and Rev. gentleman, who, on account of his great desire to see the cause advanced, put forth all his power, though humanly, to accomplish it, made two excellent addresses on the subject, but the first was destroyed by the second in a few sentences he gave utterance to. Still the continuance of the meeting and his great zeal for the cause led him to this, and no one can censure him for the mistake. We certainly feel much less disposed to do so, it being the impulse of the Holy Spirit. Well, the metaphor by which this honorable gentleman represented intemperance was very good, but the question arises, What part of intemperance must you move first in order to set the rest in motion? As the earth is a solid mass, and intemperance equally so, to move the mass of both you must start a special particle. Hence, then, to remove the greater mass, "unbelief," you must remove intemperance. Thus you see you drive at the effect, which is an impossibility both in the natural and spiritual world. Therefore the honorable and Rt. Rev. had better take God's way of removing the great mass of intemperance. Next he spoke of intemperance as the great popular sin. Be that as it may, and it is certainly a great sin, there are other sins equally as great, and one of at least is more popular and produces worse results. To be convinced of its superlative evil go to our asylums, and then you may be induced to say less about the universality of the sin of intemperance, if it is the popular sin you really wish to destroy. Yet neither of these are termed by scripture or history the popular sin. The Jew and Gentile are alike blamed for the popular sin, unbelief. Besides, take unbelief and formality and you have the two greatest evils in the world. These sins have compromised with the flesh, Satan and the world. Formality, like all the rest, is the fruit of unbelief. Hence a remark dropped near the close of the meeting will, if not repented of, be a sin almost sufficient to condemn the utterer. It evidently led the innocent mind to believe in substitution; for the Scripture reads, Ephesians, chap. ii, verse 8: "For by grace are ye saved through faith, and that not of ourselves; but it is the gift of God, not of works, lest any man should boast." Thus to say that all who will not sign the pledge will go to destruction is of man's work, and therefore he has somewhat to boast of. Again, if this be so, let us then, for convenience, reverse the language of Paul recorded in Romans, chapter viii., verses 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6: "There is therefore now no condemnation to those who are not in temperance, who walk not after the flesh, but after the spirit of temperance. (2) For the law of the spirit of life in (Christ) temperance hath made me free from the law of sin and death. (3) For what the law could not do in that it was weak, God sending His Son (temperance) in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin, condemned sin in the flesh, (4) that the righteousness of the law might be fulfilled in us who walk not after the flesh, but after the spirit of temperance. (6) For to be carnally minded is death, to be temperately minded is life and peace." We love that zeal and energy which leads men to exert themselves to save the souls of mankind, but when such zeal and energy does not exceed that of the Scribes and Pharisees, God will be robbed of the honor due to Him, though this may not be intentional. Hence "let God be true, but every man a liar."—Rom., ch. iii., v. 4.

If any one disputes the above assertions concerning the persons referred to, we can make them good. We love truth and those who practice it.

OMEGA.

OBITUARY.

TRINKLEY.—Died, in Carroll twp., Tuesday morning, May 22, 1877, Mr. CHRISTIAN TRINKLEY, aged about 73 years.

NOTICE.—The Pamphlet Laws of the last session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania have been received at this office, and are ready for distribution to parties entitled to receive them.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 24, 1877.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of MARY E. HARTMAN, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Hartman, late of Carroll township, Cambria county, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them in legal form for settlement.

ANDREW HAUG, Administrator.
Carroll Twp., May 25, 1877.—6t.

DISSOLUTION.—The woolen manufacturing and mercantile business heretofore conducted by the subscribers under the firm names of the Ebensburg Woolen Company and Pryce, Baxter & Co., has this day been dissolved by the sale to Messrs. Frank McLaughlin, Wm. J. McLaughlin and John Rinard of the entire stock, fixtures and good will of said establishments. All persons therefore indebted to either of the above firms are hereby notified to make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same will present them to Wm. J. McLaughlin for adjustment.

DAVID D. PRYCE,
WM. S. BAXTER,
WM. J. McLAUGHLIN,
FRANCIS McLAUGHLIN,
JOHN RINARD.
Ebensburg, May 23, 1877.-3t.

The members of the new firm above indicated, thankful for the kind patronage heretofore conferred upon themselves and their late partners, respectfully solicit a continuance and increase of the same, pledging themselves to sell everything in their line at the lowest possible prices for cash or its equivalent, and upon those terms only.

McLAUGHLIN BROS. & CO.,
And EBENSBURG WOOLEN CO.

A Safe, Sure and Cheap Destroyer of the
POTATO BUG, CABBAGE
CURRANT WORMS and other Insects is
OUR PEST TRADE MARK POISON.
Unlike PARIS GREEN it dissolves in water, and is sprinkled. Sure death. No danger to plants, or in using. Costs 25 cents an acre. Sample mailed for 30 cents (1-4 lb. box.) Send for Circular with hundreds of testimonials. Discount to the trade.
KEARNEY CHEMICAL WORKS, P. O. Box 3139, 66 Cortlandt St., New York City.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & SON, Portland, Me.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT with the Supervisors of Chest Township for the year ending April 9, 1877,—closed May 18, 1877:

PHILIP MILLER, Supervisor,	DR.	CR.
To amount of duplicate	$385 57	
" balance due Twp. from last year	14.86	
" unseated land tax	185.00	
By amount of road tax worked out		$375.23
" cash paid for work on roads		56.40
" " " " plow points		2.55
" " " " plank		23.49
" " " Township orders		19.70
" exonerations and returns		14.00
" personal services, 63¼ days at $1.50		94.87
" Balance due Supervisor	81	
	$586.24	$586.24

CHARLES GILL, Supervisor,	DR.	CR.
To amount of duplicate	$354.06	
" " "	568.30	
By work on roads on duplicate and for cash		$436.26
" amount due Supervisor from last year		16.32
" amount paid Philip Miller		185 00
" " " for road plank		28.30
" " " plow points		3.25
" " " tools and repairing		7.35
" amount paid for publishing		6.00
" " " T. R. Scanlan, attorney's fees		10.00
" amount paid Township orders		10.00
" exonerations		1.80
" commission on $244.80		4.89
" personal services, 67 days at $1.50 per day		100.50
" balance due Supervisor	36.56	
	$958.92	$958.92

CHARLES WANNER,
JOSEPH SWOPE,
ANSELM WEAKLEN, } Auditors.
May 18, 1877.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT with the Supervisors of White Township, for the year A. D. 1876:

JOHN TROXEL, Supervisor, Dr.	
To amount of work duplicate	$ 509.40
" " " cash	426 64
" order on Supervisors	5.50
" " " "	88
	$1,002.55
CR.	
By tax ret'd to Commissioners	$ 63.27
" exonerations	24.41
" work done by taxables	532.51
" personal services, 94 days at $1 per day	94.00
" furnishing and erecting guide boards	10 00
" orders cashed	255.55
" receipt for plank	5.55
" 5 per cent. on $304.60, cash collected	15 23
" two stone hammers	2.00—$1,002.52

DAVID HOLLES, Supervisor, Dr.	
To amount of work duplicate	$ 512.94
" " " cash "	386.73
" " paid by John Troxel on the Fleming order	13.00
" am't paid by John Troxel on the Ed. Mann judgment	130.00
" order on Supervisors	47.48
" " " "	12 41
	$1,102.56
CR.	
By tax ret'd to Commissioners	$ 36.66
" exonerations	12.11
" work done by taxables	479.14
" personal services, 133 days, at $1 per day	133.00
" tax transfered to J. Troxel	21.36
" orders cashed	80.20
" receipts on the Ed. Mann judgment	272,23
" receipts on the Ed. Mann judgment	40.00
" 5 per cent. on $377 39 for collection	18.86
" mileage to Ebensburg	9 60—$1,102.56

JUDGMENTS AGAINST THE TOWNSHIP.

Balance due on the Ed. Mann judgment	$ 179.53
Am't of judgment, costs and interest due Gates & Sons	743.28
Outstanding orders	572.49
Total liabilities of the Township	$1,495.30

HENRY FOSTER,
J. A GATES,
J. A. McCARTNEY, } Auditors.
Attest—E. W. LOUDER, Twp. Clerk.
May 16, 1877.

FREDERICK YINGLING, one of the Supervisors of Clearfield Township for the year 1876.

	DR.	CR.
To unseated road tax rec'd from Co. Treasurer	$132.86	
April 23, 1876—To am't of duplicate	665.62	
By cash paid for duplicate		$ 15
" am't of work done by taxables		554.05
" exonerations		8.43
" Commissioners' certificate for bonds returned		78.28
" am't paid H. A. McPike, for publishing annual statement		9.00
" am't paid E & H. Nutter on Dunegan order, No. 3		28.90
" am't paid Geo. Swires, cash order lifted, No. 5		24.75
" am't paid T. T. Byrne, cash order lifted, No. 8		3.75
" am't paid on P. A. McGough cash order, No. 10		20.00
" personal services as Supervisor, 66 days at $1.50 per day		99.00
April 23, 1877—By one day settling with Auditors		1.50
Balance due Sup. on settlement	29.33	
	$827.81	$827.81

LEWIS STORM, one of the Supervisors of Clearfield Twp. for 1876.

	DR.	CR.
Aug. 26, 1876—To unseated road tax rec'd from Co. Treasurer	$150 00	
April 23, 1877—To am't of duplicate	728.47	
	$878 47	
By cash paid for duplicate		$ 1.00
" am't of work done by taxables		698.47
" exonerations		3 62
" am't p'd Cooper & Mellon, judgment on Esq. Hads' Docket		43.41
" am't paid E. & H. Nutter & Co., for plank to M. J. Will		78.50
" am't paid E. & H. Nutter & Co., in full of M. Dunegan, order, No. 3		11.50
" am't paid James Null judg't on Esq Kinkeads' docket		6.95
" personal services as Supervisor, 79 days at $1.50 per day		118.50
April 23—By one day settling with Auditors		1.50
Balance due Supervisor on settlement	84.98	
	$963 45	$963 45

Liabilities of Township to former Supervisors, &c.	$350.50
Assets	125.39

May 2, 1877, we, the undersigned Auditors, do hereby certify that we have examined the above accounts and find them correct.

H. B. NOEL,
T. T. BYRNE, } Auditors.
WM. IVORY,
Attest—P. A. McGOUGH, Twp. Clerk.
May 18, 1877.-3t.

Notice to Taxpayers

IN accordance with an Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 5th day of April, A. D. 1872, "Relating to the collection of taxes in the County of Cambria," notice is hereby given to the taxpayers residing in the districts below named, that the County Treasurer, in compliance with the second section of said Act, will attend at the places of holding the Borough and Township elections, on the following named days, for the purpose of receiving the County, Poor and State taxes assessed for the year 1877:

For Wilmore borough, Monday, July 9th.
" Summerhill township, Tuesday, July 10th.
" Washington " Wednesday, July 11th.
" Summitville borough, Thursday, " 12th.
" Gallitzin township, Friday, " 13th.
" Tunnelhill borough, Saturday, " 14th.
" Gallitzin borough, Monday, " 16th.
" Loretto borough, Tuesday, " 17th.
" Allegheny township, Wednesday, " 18th.
" Munster township, Thursday, " 19th.
" Chest Springs borough, Friday, " 20th.
" Clearfield township, Saturday, " 21st.
" White township, Monday, July 23d, at A. H. Fiske's; Tuesday, July 24th, at Lloydsville.
" Chest township, Wednesday, July 25th, at Glen Connell; Thursday, July 26th, at A. Anna's.
" Carrolltown borough, Friday, July 27th.
" Carroll township, Saturday, July 28th.
" Cambria township, Monday, July 30th.
" Barr township, Tuesday, July 31st.
" Susquehanna township Wednesday, Aug. 1st.
" West Ward, Ebensburg, Thursday, " 2d.
" East " " Friday, " 3d.
" Jackson township, Monday, " 6th.
" Blacklick township, Tuesday, " 7th.

AND, in accordance with the second section of said Act, on all taxes paid to the Treasurer before the 1st day of September, there will be a reduction of FIVE PER CENT., while 5 per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes, and placed in the hands of a constable.

N. F. FREIDHOFF, Co. Treasurer.
Treasurer's Office, Ebensburg, May 7, 1877.

DR A. M. KEIM,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
LORETTO, PA.
☞ Office opposite A. V. Christy's Drug Store. Night calls can be made at the office. [5-4.-tf.]

F. A. SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg. Office on High street, east end of residence. [1-21,'76-tf.]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fiera Facias* and *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Ebensburg,

On Monday, June 4th, 1877,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of J. W. Gray, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of D. H. Donnelly, Charles Ranstead, J. H. Fiske, and others, containing 5 acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of J. W. Gray, and a steam shingle mill, now in the occupancy of Donohue & Cummings. *Also*, a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Charles Ranstead, containing 5 acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of Mrs. Hollen. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. H. Fiske & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Aaron Youngkin, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of George R. Richards, S. McFarland, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 10 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story dwelling house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Aaron Youngkin. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of W. C. Robinson.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Richard Trotter, of, in, and to a lot of ground situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the old Portage R. R., extending back 180 feet, and adjoining John Lahey on the north, heirs of Thomas White, deceased, on the south, and Gebhart Bender on the west, having thereon erected a two-story frame house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of Richard Trotter. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry Moore.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Francis N. Burke, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Gallitzin borough, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands and west by Thomas Trexler, and on the south by McConnell and on the east by James Henry, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and plank stable, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of S. P. Morrell & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Joseph Craver, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Bearer, Elisha Fuitz, and Charles Weakland, containing 80 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two-story log house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Joseph Craver. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Hips & Lloyd.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Henry Miller, of, in, and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Emanuel Styles, Michael Styles and Thomas Styles, containing 50 acres, more or less, about 20 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story frame house and log barn, now in the occupancy of Henry Miller. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of T. H. Cresswell, for use of Hood, Bonbright & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of the Huntingdon, Cambria & Indiana Turnpike Company, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., containing one-fourth acre, more or less, bounded on the south by the Turnpike and Plank Road, on the west by lot of Mrs. Margaret Evans, on the north and east by road leading to lands of Jeremiah Evans, and others, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story frame house, known as the "Toll-House," now in the occupancy of Mrs. Margaret Evans. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Edwin Burkhart, D. W. Brallier, Mathew Johnston and John Wareham.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Uriah Lloyd, of, in and to a tract of timber land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Stephens and Byers on the east, —— Lee on the north, heirs of Nathaniel Hughes, deceased, on the west, and heirs of Jacob Nagle, deceased, on the south, containing 100 acres, more or less. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. M. Lloyd & Co., now for use of John McColgan, Thomas Davis, George Huntley, F. H. Barker, A. A. Barker and J. A. Moore.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Solomon H. Berkey, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph Stell, William Skelly, and others, containing 96 acres, more or less, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, with basement, a large bank barn, and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Solomon H. Berkey. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry Willebrand, for use of Joseph Willebrand.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of L. A. Craver, and W. L. Craver, deceased, in the hands of L. A. Craver, his administrator, of, in and to the following described piece or parcel of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Bearer, Elisha Fuitz, and Charles Weakland, containing 80 acres, more or less, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having there erected a two-story log house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Joseph Craver. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. Litzinger.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Wolf Bagley, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Mathias Hoffman, Geo. Dumond, Charles Brady, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two-story plank house, two log stables and other outbuildings, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Davis Brothers.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Peter Woodley, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Margaret Ashcraft, Peter Byrne, and others, containing 84 acres, more or less, about 35 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two-story log house and log barn, now in the occupancy of Peter Woodley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. McAnulty for use of John Alberter, now for use of Joseph Alberter.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Joseph Denzel, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Andrew Strittmatter on the north and west, and James Sharbaugh on the east and south, containing one-half acre, having thereon erected a one and one-half story plank house, now in the occupancy of Mrs. Mary Ann Miller. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Sharbaugh.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of P. F. Carney, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Gallitzin borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street, adjoining lot of C. D. Bradley on the north, Jackson street on the east, and Spruce street on the south, having thereon erected a two-story plank house not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. Mary E. Doyle.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Silas Adams, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of James Adams, Harry Shephard, Redmond Mellon, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 75 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of Silas Adams. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of F. D. Saupp.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, May 10, 1877.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.—Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of personal property and real estate of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of the 14th day of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, THE 6th DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1877, to wit:

1. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary Arthur, widow of John Arthur, late of Johnstown borough, dec'd—$300.00.
2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret Westover, widow of Joseph C. Westover, late of Susquehanna township, dec'd—$300 00.
3. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Louisa Lambert, widow of Augustus Lambert, late of Johnstown borough, dec'd—$319.50.
4. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Eliza Ann McPherson widow of Wm. McPherson, late of Johnstown borough, dec'd—$19.03.
5. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for —— Weaver, widow of Christian Weaver, late of Richland township, dec'd—$248 55.
6. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret Glass, widow of Augustine Glass, late of Munster township, dec'd—$267.15
7. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property and real estate appraised and set apart for Matilda C. Dunegan, widow of Patrick Dunegan, late of Clearfield twp., dec'd—$300.00.
8. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Elizabeth Parrish, widow of Peter B. Parrish, late of Munster township, dec'd—$260 85.

JAMES M. SINGER, Clerk O. C.
O. C. Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, May 7, 1877.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of RACHEL KLINE, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary to the estate of Rachel Kline, late of Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOSEPH CRISTE, Executor.
Washington Twp., May 18, 1877.-6t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, *Levari Facias*, *Alias Levari Facias*, and *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Conrad Raab, in Johnstown,

On Saturday, June 2d, 1877,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of William Murray, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the borough of Cambria, in Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Chestnut street fifty feet, adjoining lot of Henry Lecky on one side and lot of Adam Boddie on the other, running back 132 feet to an alley, having thereon erected a two-story plank house, now in the occupancy of William Murray. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Hannan for use of R. C. Taylor.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Patrick Dougherty, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the borough of Cambria, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Broad street [illegible] feet, and adjoining lot No. 87 on the East, Ninth street on the West, running back [illegible] feet to an alley, being lot No. 89 on McConaughey's plan of Cambria borough. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Hannan for use of R. C. Taylor.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Charles H. Suppes, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on [illegible] street, having lot of heirs of Wm. Orr, [illegible] on one side and an alley on the other, running back to an alley, having thereon erected a three-story frame building, used as a flouring mill, now in the occupancy of David D[illegible]. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Mechanical works and others.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of J. M. Seese, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the South on the township road, and having lot of [illegible] Wertz on the North, a street on the West, and an alley on the East, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and stable, now in the occupancy of Jacob M. Seese. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of J. C. Stineman.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Wm. J. Headrick, of, in and to all the undivided nineteenths of a certain tract of land situate in the township of Taylor, in the county of Cambria, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hickory; thence south 51½ degrees, east 157 perches to a white oak at line of Daniel Goughnour, thence north 69 degrees, east 70 perches to a post; thence north 13 degrees, west 130 perches to a post at line of Samuel Goughnour, thence north 80 degrees, west 35 perches to a post, thence south 69 degrees, west 94 perches to a post, thence south 25 degrees, west 30 perches and 18 links to a post, thence south 52 degrees, west 37 perches to a hickory at place of beginning, containing 154 acres and 30 perches, having thereon erected a two-story plank house, bank barn and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Wm. J. Headrick. Also, all the right, title and interest of Wm J. Headrick of, in and to a certain lot of ground situate in the borough of East Conemaugh, Cambria county, Pa., known as Lot No. [illegible], fronting on Railroad street and being about two rods wide and twelve rods deep, having thereon erected a two-story frame tenement house, now in the occupancy of ——. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Savings Bank.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James Darby, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the First ward of Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Railroad street, having lot of Andrew Young on the East, and lot of Mrs. Sweeney on the West, running back to an alley, having thereon erected a two-story plank house and stable, now in the occupancy of James Darby. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. Flattery for use of Johnstown Savings Bank.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of David Wendle, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate on Maple avenue in the borough of Woodvale, Cambria county, Pa., containing fifty feet front on said Maple avenue, commencing at a point 150 feet East of Sixth street and running back in a southerly direction 144 feet to an alley, and being known as lot No. 150 on plan of Woodvale lots, being the same lot which the Johnstown Manufacturing Company by their deed dated July 17, 1873, conveyed in fee to the said David Wendle, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Building and Loan Association.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Martin Melvin, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the north on River street, and having lot of Jacob Gaiser on the west, and lot of Michael McMullan on the east, and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Martin Melvin. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of J. W. Logan.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John R. Gohn, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Sixth ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Morris street, having lot of Rev. Shearer on the south and an alley on the north, running back to an alley, having thereon erected a two-story frame house and stable, now in the occupancy of John R. Gohn. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of B. F. Keller.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds upon confirmation of the Deed.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, May 10, 1877.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named accounts have been filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of JUNE, A. D. 1877, to wit:

1. The first and final account of Christian Shaffer, administrator of Zephaniah Moore, late of Croyle township, deceased.
2. The first account of Francis Wissmiller, guardian of John, Michael and Matthew Shank, minor children of Francis Shank, late of Carroll township, deceased.
3. The first and final account of Jacob Holsapple, guardian of Sarah Ann Miller, a minor child of George Rose, late of Richland township, dec'd.
4. The first and final account of Jacob Holsapple, guardian of Kate Ann Murphy, minor child of George Rose, late of Richland township, dec'd.
5. The account of Henry Carpenter, administrator of John Smay, late of Croyle township, dec'd.
6. The first account of David Hamilton, guardian of Angeline, John and Nancy Carmichael, minor children of Geo. Carmichael, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
7. The first account of Joseph O'Conner, administrator of George Gates, late of Yoder township, deceased.
8. The account of Patrick Mullen, executor of Margaret Mullen, late of Summerhill twp., dec'd.
9. The first and partial account of R. L. Johnston, esq., executor of Edward Glass, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
10. The first and partial account of S. J. Luther, guardian of Emily and Owen H. Nagle, minor children of Richard H. Nagle, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.
11. The second partial account of Lewis A. Craver, administrator of Ludwig Craver, late of Carrolltown borough, deceased.
12. The account of Ephraim Custer, administrator of Jacob Gilman, late of Richland twp., dec'd.
13. The first and final account of J. R. Still, administrator of John Shaffer, late of Conemaugh borough, deceased.
14. The account of Ann Parker, one of the executors of George McLane, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
15. The final account of J. R. Stull, administrator of Elias Ream, late of Adams township, dec'd.
16. The first account of Elizabeth Rish, administratrix of Jacob Rish, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
17. The second account of John Dibert, one of the executors of George McLane, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
18. The second and final account of Joseph Burgoon, executor of Robert Burgoon, late of Washington township, deceased.
19. The first and partial account of J. W. Pringle, administrator of Adam Settlemoyer, late of Croyle township, deceased.
20. The first and final account of Wm. Kittell, esq., administrator of Michael A. Kline, late of Washington township, deceased.
21. The first and final account of Barbara Sehira and Lawrence Weiland, executors of Peter Sehira, late of Carroll township, deceased.
22. The first and partial account of Mary Jane Larimer, executor of Wm. Larimer, late of Cambria township, deceased.
23. The first and final account of F. A. Shoemaker, esq., guardian of Benjamin John Rees Davis.
24. The first and final account of Mich'l Kirsch, executor of Nicholas Heffele, late of Barr township, dec'd.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, May 7, 1877.

CRAWFORD HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Having once more taken possession of the well known Crawford House in Ebensburg, which he has refitted and refurnished in good style, and intends hereafter to conduct on strict temperance principles, the subscriber earnestly solicits the patronage of those who may visit the county seat either on business or pleasure, all whom he pledges himself to entertain in the best possible manner and at the lowest possible price. Excellent accommodations will be furnished to summer boarders, who will find the "Crawford" a pleasant and economical place at which to spend the heated term.

ISAAC CRAWFORD.
Ebensburg, April 27, 1877.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS
Sellers' Liver Pills have stood for Thirty years a Standard Remedy for the cure of Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Sick Headache, and all Derangements of the Liver.
"Seller's Vermifuge, the great Worm Destroyer," expelled 400 large, live worms from my child, 2 years old. Wm. Sarver, St. Louis, Mo. Price of each, 25c. If your druggist don't keep them send for them.
R. E. SELLERS & CO. Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. [2-16.-1y.]

A Remarkable Kingfisher.

There are over fifty species of the *halcyonidæ* or kingfishers; but none is more remarkable than the one shown in our illustration. From its peculiar screaming laugh, not unlike the bray of a donkey, it has obtained the name of "the laughing jackass." Its zoological name is *dacelo*, one species, *d. gigas*, being a large bird, 18 inches long, and endowed with strength and courage; it feeds indiscriminately on any animals of suitable size, whether quadruped, bird, reptile, fish, insect, or crustacean. It is a handsome bird, being brightly colored; and its flight is quick and noiseless. Its powerful bill makes it a very formidable enemy.

The *Illustrated News*, of Adelaide, Australia, from whose pages we select the engraving, gives the following particulars of this interesting bird: "The laughing jackass is almost too well known to need description. His appearance and extraordinary notes are familiar to the inhabitants of every country village. Indeed, he frequently extends his researches into the neighborhood of towns, occasionally taking up his abode for life in some healthy suburb, and punctually entertaining the inhabitants thereof, morning and evening, with a succession of those singular sounds which have rendered his name famous. Although a kingfisher, he never procures his food from the water, after the orthodox fashion of kingfishers, but has more the habits of a bird of prey. Sitting motionless among the lower branches of some tall gum tree unnoticed, and apparently half asleep, he waits, like Micawber, for something to turn up. Suddenly, without noise, he drops off his bough and flies direct to a certain spot, whence he soon returns, bearing in his beak a lizard, a small snake, or perhaps a rat. His acuteness of sight is extraordinary. From his elevated post he seems to miss nothing, and discerns his prey in swamps and crevices, of rocks at a distance that is perfectly astounding. The laughing jackass has the advantage of being able to live on almost anything that presents itself, hence it is always in good condition, and apparently in good humor. It seems, indeed, to pass its life in self-congratulations; and when four or five meet and unite their voices, and they invariably do, morning and evening, the noise would suggest the idea that a party of demons had broken loose and were rejoicing over some piece of successful mischief. But in spite of his careless, happy life, the laughing jackass has his peculiar duty, and he performs it conscientiously. Snake killing is his specialty; lizards, frogs, beetles, small birds, rats, etc., are his usual food. In fact, nothing comes amiss to him; let a snake appear upon the scene, and the laughing jackass recognizes his quarry at once. Never hesitating, he makes straight for it, his agitation being observable by the quivering crest feathers. With some caution, he swoops backwards and forwards, seeking an opportunity to seize the reptile. The snake, with head erect, ready to strike, keeps on the alert. The excitement continues for some time till the bird finally settles down, close by, on the ground. But all his stolid heavy appearance is gone. His wings and tail quiver with agitation and eagerness. Fully alive to the dangerous character of his opponent, he keeps at a safe distance. Flitting round, his head just out of reach, he continues to annoy him, till becoming exhausted, the snake affords him the opportunity he is seeking. With the rapidity of lightning the bird descends upon his prey, then rises in the air, bearing with him the captured snake, neatly held just behind the head, in such a position as to render him perfectly powerless. Rising until he has attained a considerable height, he directs his flight to a more open part of the country, then suddenly backing in the air, he drops the reptile, following it down and reaching the ground almost at the same time. Stunned and bruised, the unfortunate snake is in no condition to renew the contest, and is very soon despatched and eaten by his victorious enemy."—*Scientific American.*

How to Cleanse the Woodwork Around Doors.—Take a pail of hot water; throw in two tablespoonfuls of pulverized borax; use a good coarse house cloth—an old coarse towel does splendidly—and wash the painting; do not use a brush; when washing places that are extra yellow or stained, soap the cloth; then sprinkle it with the dry powdered borax, and rub the places well, using plenty of rinsing water; by washing the woodwork in this way you will not remove the paint, and the borax will soften and make the hands white—a fact well worth knowing. The uses of borax in domestic economy are numerous; and one of the most valuable is its employment to aid the detergent properties of soap.—*Scientific American.*

Cure for Dyspepsia.—Lime and oak ashes are said to be a sure cure for dyspepsia. One tablespoonful of lime and one tablespoonful of oak ashes put into a quart of water, well stirred, and after settling, drawn off, and the water bottled, and it is ready for use. A tablespoonful three times a day will affect a cure in a short time.

A mustard plaster is much better, quicker made, does not blister, nor adhere to everything it comes in contact with, when mixed simply with the white of an egg and spread on a piece of muslin.

Why is a lady's bustle like a historial romance? Because it is fiction founded upon facts,

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GREAT
REDUCTION!
IN PRICES!
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, Etc.,
AT MUCH LESS THAN COST.

Preparatory to tearing down and rebuilding his extensive Store Room,

GEORGE HUNTLEY
WILL DISPOSE OF HIS
Entire Stock of GOODS,
CONSISTING PRINCIPALLY OF
Builders' HARDWARE,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS, STOVES, TINWARE, HORSE RAKES, HARVESTG TOOLS, GRINDSTONES, HOES, SHOVELS, SPADES, PUMPS AND TUBING, BLANCHARD CHURNS, &C.

AT LESS THAN COST,
—FOR—
CASH AND CASH ONLY!

☞ I have also on hand a few good **Mowing Machines**, which I will sell at from $20 to $30 less than cost, and agent for the great AMERICAN SAW GUMMER, (the only changable self-feed Gummer in the world,) which I will sell very low for cash.

Now is the Time to Secure Bargains
BY BUYING A
Big Lot of Goods for Very Little Money!

NOTICE!

☞ *All persons knowing themselves indebted to me are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and settle their respective accounts, either by note or cash, and thereby save costs, as I must have my books closed in the shortest time possible.*

Geo. Huntley,
HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-NINE YEARS.

F. W. HAY & SON
Manufacturers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—OF—
TIN, COPPER,
—AND—
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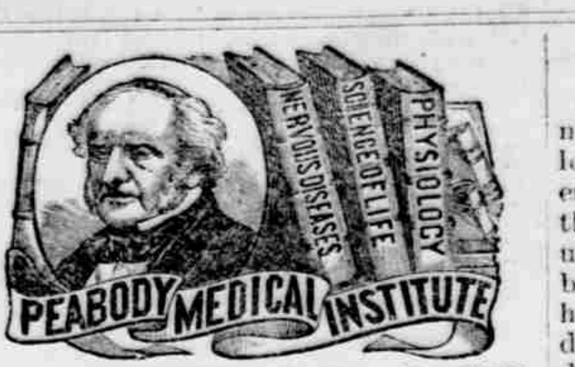

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The police in London are smart, but notwithstanding their ability the problems, what has become of the Countess of Dudley's jewels? and who took the missing Gainsborough? are still unsolved. It is no wonder thieves are bold when so many of their moves have been crowned with success and detection defied. They must be wonderfully expert, these diciples of Fagin. In the case of the Countess of Dudley's jewels they were stolen out of the maid's arms as she held them in a box at a railroad depot. The theory now is that whoever snatched them hurriedly pushed the box into an empty railway car and then returned and took them away leisurely an hour or two afterward, when the excitement, searching, &c., were over. The Gainsborough picture was cut from its frame on the very day of its sale for 10,000 guineas. It was locked up in a strong building in that extremely central locality, Bond street, before which policemen were patrolling all night. Another audacious robbery took place the other day in broad daylight at a railway station. A certain member of Parliament—an earl—arrived at a provincial railway station and found he had half an hour to wait. He strolled about the depot leisurely, but spoke to no one and no one came near him so far as he knows. As he was about to enter the train a gentleman sitting by his side said to him. "Have you not broken your watch-chain? I see it hanging." The chain had been cut, and the watch stolen! A lawyer told me that on one occasion he had a thief for aclient, he asked him to show him, to satisfy his curiosity, how he had done this very same thing, which was then creating discussion in the community. But before he had finished speaking the thief smilingly showed his learned counsel his watch, which he had abstracted as desired; and when the lawyer expressed astonishment at such wonderful dexterity, and laid his hand on his vest pocket in surprise, he found his watch was back again, safe and sound. The redoubtable Maskelyne himself would not be ashamed of such a neat bit of sleight of hand as this. Speaking of the celebrated conjuror, let me mention that this week he has offered some improvements in the already wonderful cabinet trick invented by the Davenport brothers. Maskelyne causes Cooke, his partner, to be tied up alone in the cabinet, thus exploding the theory that the two help each other to unite the knots. He also envelopes Cooke completely in a fisherman's net, which is sown up and then examined by a vigilance committee from the audience; also is whipcord used for lashing the wrists and ankles, being more difficult to unite than ropes; and still, in spite of all this, the cabinet doors are barely closed before hands appear, banjos and guitars are played, and trumpets blown; and when the door is frantically opened there sits Cook, quite calm and secured as firmly as when they first tied up his net. Still the great feature of this entertainment is the wonderful automatic card-player, Psycho. Professor Pepper, of "Ghost" renown, has invented something of the kind which I hear is almost as marvellous as Maskelyne's. But both are surpassed by a new Paris invention, if it has not been overhauled. We hear that a smart Parisian has invented an automataon which gives a sensible reply to any question asked it and in every case makes the response appropriate. We shall see this thing in its full perfection at the approaching Exhibition in Paris. As yet the inventor has not had time to construct a figure in human shape for his automaton talker and at present the replies come from a box, a small trunk full of wires and wheels of intricate machinery which only makes the performance more strange and ghastly.—*Olive Logan in Graphic.*

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DRY GOODS,	MURRAY,	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	who keeps the	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	largest assort-	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	ment in the city	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	and sells at pri-	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	ces which other	AND NOTIONS,
DRY GOODS,	dealers cannot	AND NOTIONS,
Great Variety,	match. Wake	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	up when you go	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	there, and find	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	the place where	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	no advantage is	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	taken and no	Great Variety,
Great Variety,	tricks of trade	Great Variety,
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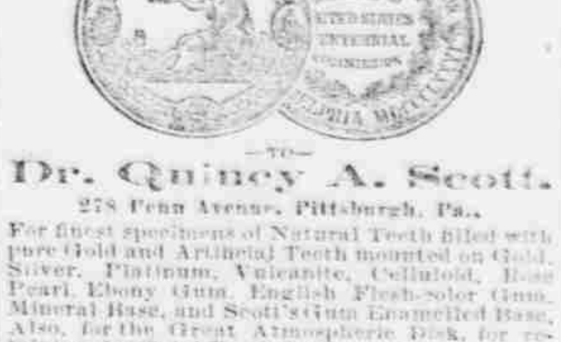

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bland, sweetish taste, it possesses th
power of dissolving the hardest fo
that can be swallowed; it has no infl
ence whatever on the soft and delica
fibers of the living stomach, nor up
the living hand, but, at the mome
of death, it begins to eat them aw
with the power of the stronges

There is dust on sea, on lan
the valley, and on the mountain
there is dust always and everywhe
the atmosphere is full of it; it pe
trates the noisome dungeon and vis
the deepest, darkest caves of the ea
no palace door can shut it out
drawer so secret as to escape its
ence; every breath of wind
upon the open eye, and yet that
is not blinded, because there is a
tain of the blandest fluid in Natur
cessantly emptying itself under
eyelid, which spreads it over the
face of the ball at every winking
washes every atom of dust
But this liquid, so mild and
adapted to the eye itself, has
acridity, which, under certain
stances, becomes so decided as
scalding to the skin, and would
away the eyelids were it not that
the edges of them there are little
manufactories, which spread over
surface a coating, as impervious
liquids necessary for keeping
ball washed clean as the best
is impervious to water.

The breath which leaves
has been so perfectly divested
life giving properties that
it, unmixed with other air
it escapes from the mouth
immediate death by suffocation
if it hovered about us, a
destructive influence
life would be
made of a nature
than the common air
it escapes the lips and
cends to the higher regions
breathing point, there to be
renovated, and sent back
plete with purity and life
idly it ascends is beautifully
every frosty morning.

But foul and deadly as
air is, Nature, wisely
her works and ways,
account in its outward
the organs of voice
the whisper of love,
affection, the tender
sympathy, the sweetest
ishing music, the
of the finished orator.

If a well made man
the ground, his arm at
with the body, a circle,
navel its centre, will just
head, the finger ends, and

The distance from top to
cisely the same as that
tips of the fingers when
extended.

The length of the body
times that of the foot;
tance from the edge of the
forehead to the end of
tenth the length of the

Of the sixty-two primary
known in Nature, only
found in the human
these, seven are metallic
found in the blood; phosphorus
brain; limestone in the
the bones; dust and
only these eighteen
but the whole sixty-two of
universe is made, have
basis in the four
hydrogen, nitrogen, and
resenting the more familiar
fire, water, saltpeter, and
and such is man, the
spark of fire, a
of gunpowder,
Hall's Journal of Health.

The Tailor Bird.—This
bird lives only in India
beak, shaped very much
maker's awl, and after
large leaf hanging from
twig, it pierces a number
along the edges of it with
beak; it then gets the
plants, which make
carefully sews the leaf
plete bag. But, stranger
still, if the leaf is not
the bird will get another
with holes, and sew the
Now let me tell you a
thing, but something
Sometimes this good tailor
known to tie a knot at the
thread, so as to be sure
slip through! Have not
some time or other, been
for want of a knot at the
thread, and sighed over
stitches put in, when
come with the end of the
the air, just for want of a
Next time we'll remember
bird and his knots, won't
Perhaps you are wondering
can lie and birds be hatched
a couple of leaves?
while I tell you all
leaves are only the outer
snug little house. The
entirely of soft white
makes one of the most
beds possible for the eggs
tended to lie upon it.
this dear little house is
the whole nest is built
that it does not look like
is often taken for nothing
of leaves on the tree.
its nest full of eggs are
that the very end of the
twig will support both
family. This little tailor
yellow in color, and is
es long. Wouldn't you
this tiny, clever thing
sewing up its nest, selecting
and then carrying to
pieces of thread, and piercing
with its beak, and drawing
through them? What a
tailor the bird is!